Time-of-Flight Imaging And Its Applications

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Outline



- What is Time-of-Flight?
- The Time-of-Flight Principle
- Constraints in ToF imaging
- Fields of application for ToF imaging
- Current Work

What is Time-of-Flight?



■ Data from MESA-camera/SR3100 (2)



Amplitudes



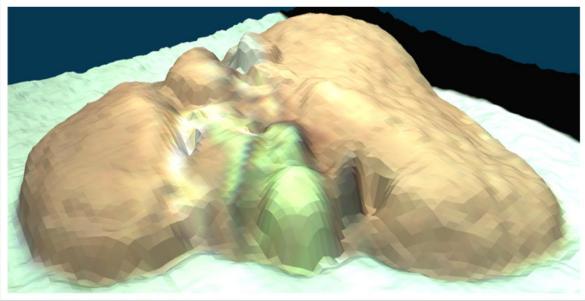
Distances

What is Time-of-Flight?



- Real-Time acquisition of dense 3D-Data
- For every pixel the distance of the scene is measured





2D Camera

3D ToF Camera (with overlay)

Manufacturers and their cameras







3DV Systems image: www.3dvsystems.com



PMDTec

image: www.pmdtec.com



MESA

image: www.mesa-imaging.ch

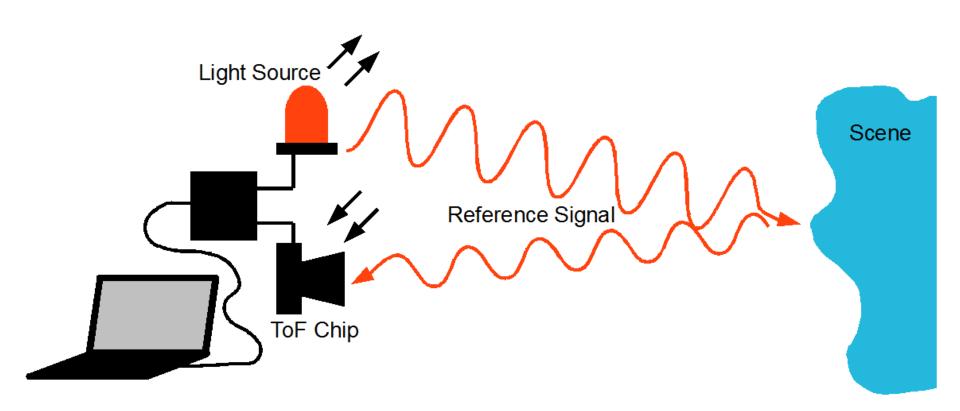


Canesta

Principle of Time-of-Flight cameras



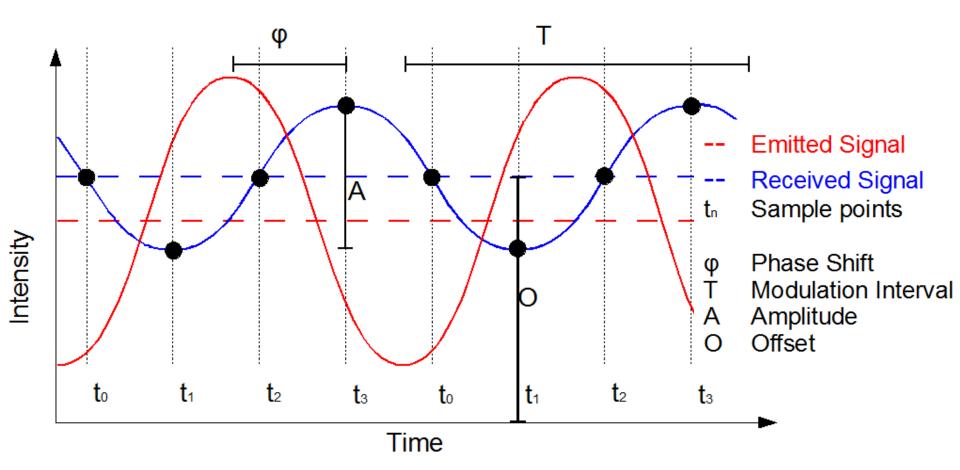




Principle of Time-of-Flight cameras







Determining the distance



$$d = \frac{c}{4\pi \cdot f_m} \cdot \varphi$$

d distance

c speed of light

f_m modulation frequency

Restrictions in ToF imaging



- Limited maximum range.
- Depth resolution depends on modulation frequency/maximum range.
- Interference when using multiple cameras.
- Interreflections using bad geometries/materials.
- Materials with low albedo lead to bad distance values.
- Oversaturation of CCD and specular reflections make distance data invalid.

Fields of application



Automotive

- Obstacle detection
- Parking aid

Robot Navigation

- Collision avoidance
- Orientation in arbitrary scenes
- Reconstruction of static scenes

Human Pose estimation

- Gesture navigation
- Holistic body pose estimation

Time of Flight at the LME



- At the Chair of Pattern Recognition (LME) 5 Researchers are working on different Projects:
 - Gesture navigation
 - Human pose estimation
 - Patient positioning
 - Respiratory motion

Current Work

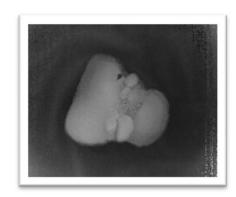


Development of a general purpose ToF-sofwareframework.

- Standardization of Amplitude-Values with respect to integration time and distances.
 - Amplitudes are biased
 - Integration Time
 - Distance Values



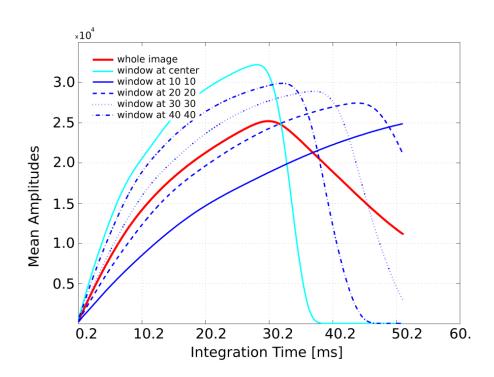
Amplitudes

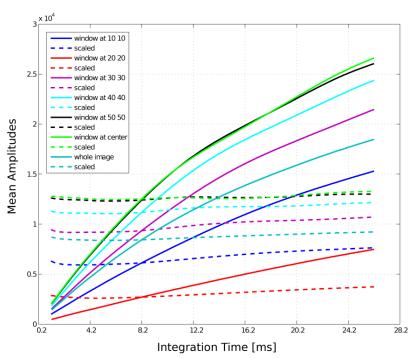


Distances

Integration Time-Scaling





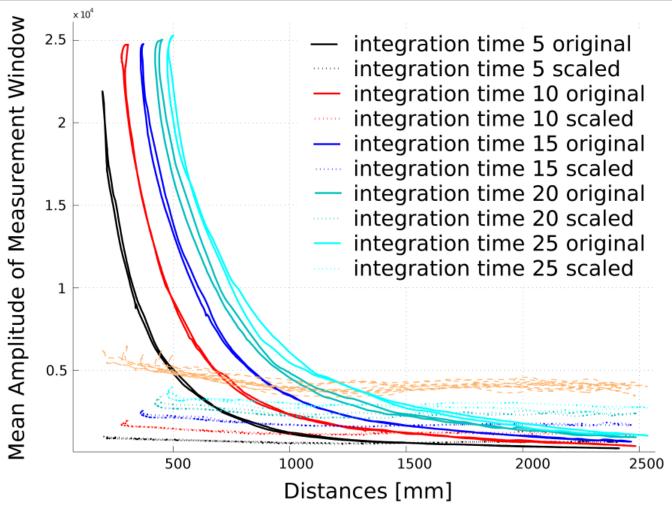


Mean Intensities over Integration Time

Unscaled (solid) and Scaled Intensities (dashed)

Distance-Scaling of Amplitudes

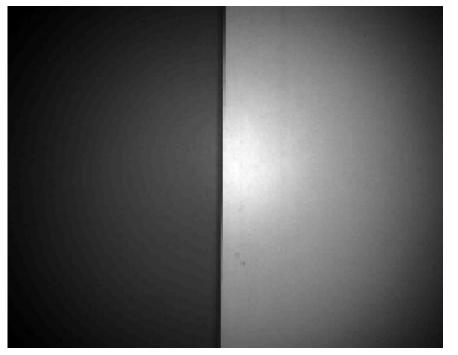


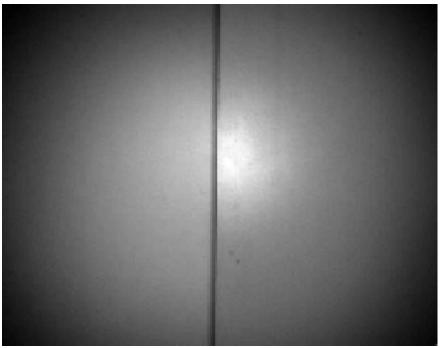


Decay of Mean Amplitudes depending on Distance

Distance-Scaling of Amplitudes







Unscaled

Scaled

Conclusion



- ToF starts to establish itself as a fairly known modality.
- Quality of cameras is high enough to be used in products.
- Both processing methods and hardware development still undergo a rapid evolution.
- Software development puts more and more focus on application of ToF cameras within products.



Thank you for Your attention.





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