

progressive transmission

signed binary of integers

```
In[40]:= IntegerDigits[5, 2, 6]
Out[40]= {0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1}

In[41]:= tosignedbinary[int_, n_] :=
Module[{s},
  If[Abs[int] ≥ 2^n, Throw["input too big"]];
  s = If[int ≥ 0, 0, 1];
  Flatten[{s, IntegerDigits[int, 2, n]}]
]

In[42]:= tosignedbinary[5, 4]
tosignedbinary[5, 5]
tosignedbinary[5, 2]

Out[42]= {0, 0, 1, 0, 1}

Out[43]= {0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1}

... Throw: Uncaught Throw[input too big] returned to top level.

Out[44]= Hold[Throw[input too big]]
```

lists of signed binary numbers

```
In[45]:= convertlist[list_] := Module[{lmax, n},
  lmax = Max[Abs[list]];
  n = IntegerLength[lmax, 2];
  {n, Map[tosignedbinary[#, n] &, list]}
]

In[46]:= convertlist[{-12, 3, 4}] // MatrixForm
Out[46]//MatrixForm=

$$\left( \begin{array}{ccc} 4 \\ \{ \{1, 1, 1, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 1, 1\}, \{0, 0, 1, 0, 0\} \} \end{array} \right)$$


In[47]:= convertlist[{3, -12, 7, 9, -7, 0, 1, -5, 8, 0}] // TableForm
Out[47]//TableForm=

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccc} 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

```

reordering lists according to bitlength

```
In[48]:= reorder[list_] := Module[{cvl, in, out},
  cvl = convertlist[list];
  in = Table[
    Append[cvl[[2, i]], i], {i, 1, Length[cvl[[2]]]}];
  out = {};
  For[i = 1, i ≤ cvl[[1]], i++,
    out = Join[out, Select[in, #[[i + 1]] == 1 &]];
    in = Select[in, #[[i + 1]] == 0 &];
  Join[out, in]
]

In[49]:= reorder[{3, -12, 4, 9, -8, 0, -1, -8, 8, 0}] // TableForm
```

Out[49]//TableForm=

1	1	1	0	0	2
0	1	0	0	1	4
1	1	0	0	0	5
1	1	0	0	0	8
0	1	0	0	0	9
0	0	1	0	0	3
0	0	0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	7
0	0	0	0	0	6
0	0	0	0	0	10

progressive transmission

```
In[50]:= progtrans[list_, K_] :=
Module[{len, cvl, n, in, out, newout, sgnout, posout, bitout},
len = Length[list];
cvl = convertlist[list];
n = cvl[[1]];
If[K > n, Print["order too big"]];
in = Table[
  Prepend[cvl[[2, i]], i], {i, 1, len}];
out = {};
For[j = 1, j ≤ Min[n, K], j++,
  newout = Select[in, #[[j + 2]] == 1 &];
  in = Select[in, #[[j + 2]] == 0 &];
  sgnout = newout[[All, 2]];
  posout = newout[[All, 1]];
  bitout = If[j == 1, {}, out[[All, j + 2]]];
  out = Join[out, newout];
  Print["round ", j];
  Print[{posout, sgnout, bitout}];
];
Print["remaining ", in // MatrixForm];
Join[out, in] // MatrixForm
]

In[51]:= progtrans[{3, -12, 4, 9, -5, 0, -1, -8, 8, 0}, 4]
round 1
{{2, 4, 8, 9}, {1, 0, 1, 0}, {}}
round 2
{{3, 5}, {0, 1}, {1, 0, 0, 0}}
round 3
{{1}, {0}, {0, 0, 0, 0, 0}}
round 4
{{7}, {1}, {0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1}}
remaining 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Out[51]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 8 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 9 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 7 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

coding and exploring trees (forests)

```
In[52]:= exploretree[T_, σ_] :=
Module[{n, ttest, edges, roots, properedges, succ, delta, lambda},
n = Length[T];
If[! (n == Length[σ]), Throw["input error"]];
ttest = ReplacePart[Table[T[[i]] ≤ i, {i, 1, n}], 0 → And];
If[! ttest, Throw["T not a tree"]];
edges = Table[{T[[j]], j}, {j, 1, n}];
roots = Flatten[Map[DeleteDuplicates[#] &, Select[edges, #[[1]] == #[[2]] &]]];
properedges = Select[edges, #[[1]] < #[[2]] &];
succ = Table[Map[#[[2]] &, Select[properedges, #[[1]] == k &]], {k, 1, n}];
For[j = n, j > 0, j--,
If[succ[[j]] == {}, δj = 0; λj = 0; Continue[]];
λj = Max[Map[δ# &, succ[[j]]]];
δj = Max[Join[Map[σ[[#]] &, succ[[j]]], {λj}]];
];
delta = Table[δj, {j, 1, n}];
lambda = Table[λj, {j, 1, n}];
{roots, succ, delta, lambda}
]
```

the forest T

```
In[53]:= T = {1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 2, 3, 3, 5, 6, 2, 4, 7, 7, 10, 7};

In[54]:= TT = Table[{T[[a]], a}, {a, 1, Length[T]}]

Out[54]= {{1, 1}, {2, 2}, {3, 3}, {1, 4}, {4, 5}, {2, 6}, {3, 7}, {3, 8},
{5, 9}, {6, 10}, {2, 11}, {4, 12}, {7, 13}, {7, 14}, {10, 15}, {7, 16}}
```

the edges of T

```
In[55]:= edges = Select[TT, #[[1]] < #[[2]] &

Out[55]= {{1, 4}, {4, 5}, {2, 6}, {3, 7}, {3, 8}, {5, 9},
{6, 10}, {2, 11}, {4, 12}, {7, 13}, {7, 14}, {10, 15}, {7, 16}}
```

the successor map of T

```
In[56]:= succ = Map[#[[1]] → #[[2]] &, edges]

Out[56]= {1 → 4, 4 → 5, 2 → 6, 3 → 7, 3 → 8, 5 → 9,
6 → 10, 2 → 11, 4 → 12, 7 → 13, 7 → 14, 10 → 15, 7 → 16}
```

A valuation σ

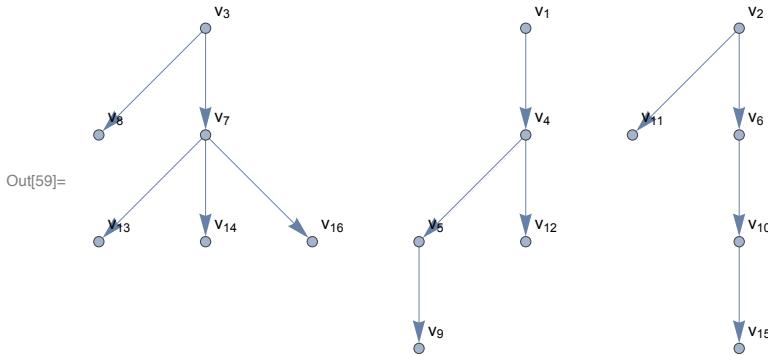
```
In[57]:= σ = {0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1};

In[58]:= σv = Table[a → σ[[a]], {a, 1, 16}]

Out[58]= {1 → 0, 2 → 0, 3 → 0, 4 → 1, 5 → 1, 6 → 0, 7 → 1, 8 → 0,
9 → 1, 10 → 0, 11 → 1, 12 → 1, 13 → 0, 14 → 0, 15 → 0, 16 → 1}
```

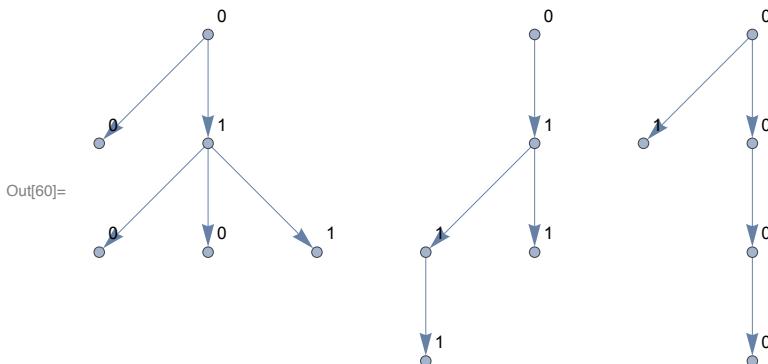
the forest seen by the successor map

```
In[59]:= Graph[Range[16], succ, VertexLabels → Table[a → "v" a, {a, 1, 16}]]
```



the valuation σ

```
In[60]:= Graph[Range[16], succ, VertexLabels → σv]
```



computing the δ and λ functions

```
In[61]:= t = exploretree[T, σ];
```

the roots of the forest T

```
In[62]:= t[[1]]
Out[62]= {1, 2, 3}
```

the successor map succ

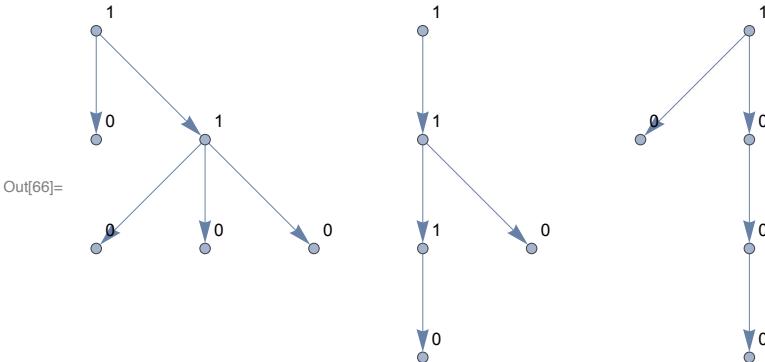
```
In[63]:= t[[2]]
Out[63]= {{4}, {6, 11}, {7, 8}, {5, 12}, {9}, {10},
{13, 14, 16}, {}, {}, {15}, {}, {}, {}, {}, {}, {}}
```

the δ -function of (T, σ)

```
In[64]:= δ = t[[3]]
Out[64]= {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}

In[65]:= δv = Table[a → δ[[a]], {a, 1, 16}]
Out[65]= {1 → 1, 2 → 1, 3 → 1, 4 → 1, 5 → 1, 6 → 0, 7 → 1, 8 → 0,
9 → 0, 10 → 0, 11 → 0, 12 → 0, 13 → 0, 14 → 0, 15 → 0, 16 → 0}
```

```
In[66]:= Graph[succ, VertexLabels → δv]
```

the λ -function of (T, σ)

```
In[67]:= λ = t[[4]]
Out[67]= {1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}

In[68]:= λv = Table[a → λ[[a]], {a, 1, 16}]
Out[68]= {1 → 1, 2 → 0, 3 → 1, 4 → 1, 5 → 0, 6 → 0, 7 → 0, 8 → 0,
9 → 0, 10 → 0, 11 → 0, 12 → 0, 13 → 0, 14 → 0, 15 → 0, 16 → 0}
```

```
In[69]:= Graph[succ, VertexLabels → λv]
```

