

Vito – A Generic Agent for Multi-Physics Model Personalization

Application to Heart Modeling



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Introduction

Clinical: Heart failure

Major cause of morbidity and mortality [1,2]

Important need to **better stratify patients**

- **Computational models** could help
 - Advanced information from clinical data
 - Prediction of therapy outcome / disease course

→ Clinical applications require precise **model personalization**

Technical: Individualized computational model

Adjust model parameters such that model fits patient data

Various personalization techniques have been explored [3,4]

- Applied blindly / unsupervised: **prone to failure**
- Complex algorithms necessary: tedious design, **not generic**

Human experts almost always succeed (manual personalization)

→ **Intuition, experience, ability to generalize**

Contribution: Intelligent machines personalize biophysics models

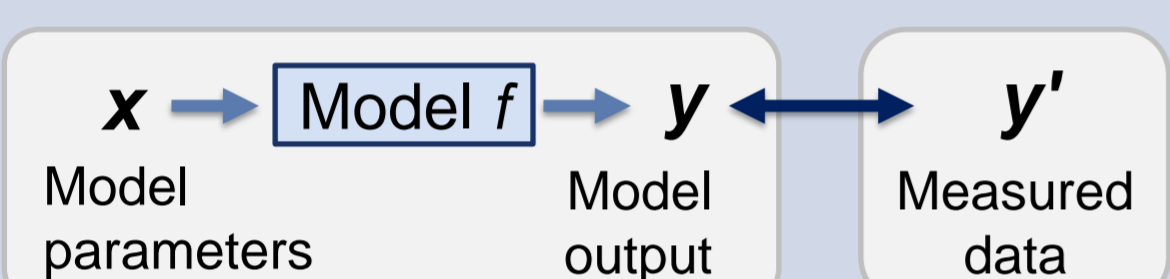
Vito, an artificial agent, learns by itself cardiac physiology and how to personalize complex models

Vito is generic: It can learn multiple biophysics – no handcrafted optimization functions and algorithms

Method

Personalization problem reformulation

Computational model



Personalization objective

Minimize misfit(y, y')

Markov decision process (MDP) [5]

Framework for modeling decision making

- **S:** States
- **A:** Actions
 Modify x
- **T:** Transition function
 Learned
- **R:** Rewards
 0 if state is **good**
 -1 otherwise

Solution

- π : Policy
 Maximizes cumulative rewards

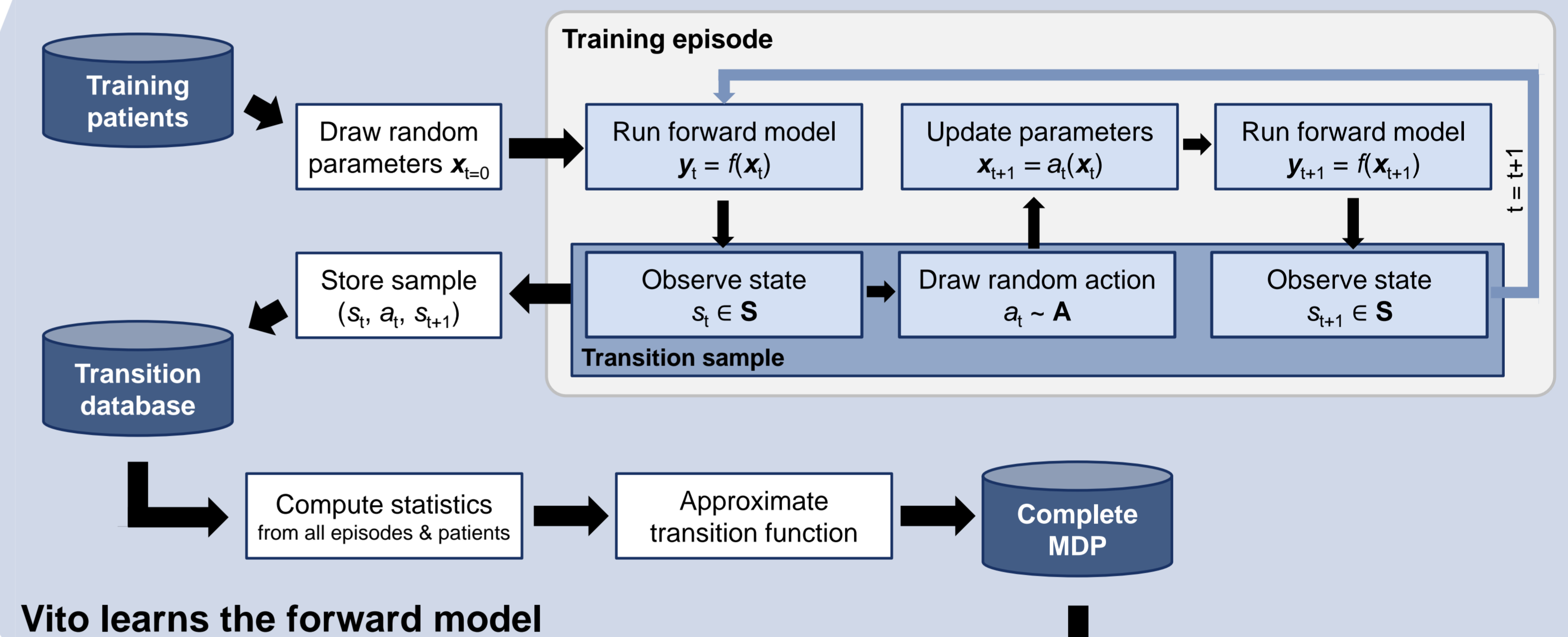
Off-line phase

Assimilate model behavior

Learn optimal strategy

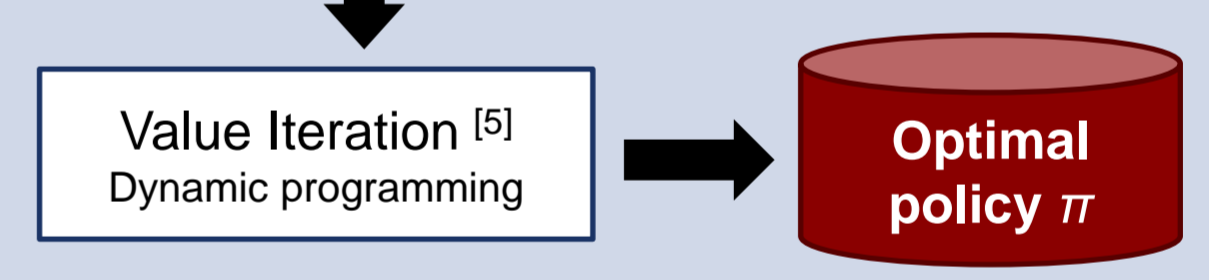
On-line phase

Personalize new patient

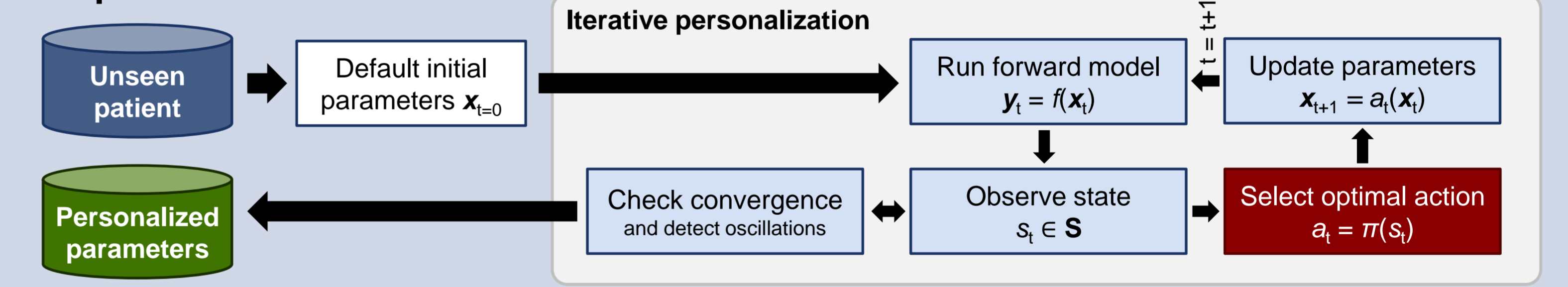


Vito learns the forward model

Vito learns how to personalize the model to decide which action to take given any possible state of a personalization (reinforcement learning [5,6])



Vito personalizes the model



Evaluation

Same framework applied to two different biophysics models
 28 patients without severe cardiac arrhythmias (8 for hyper-parameter tuning; 20 for testing)

Cardiac electrophysiology

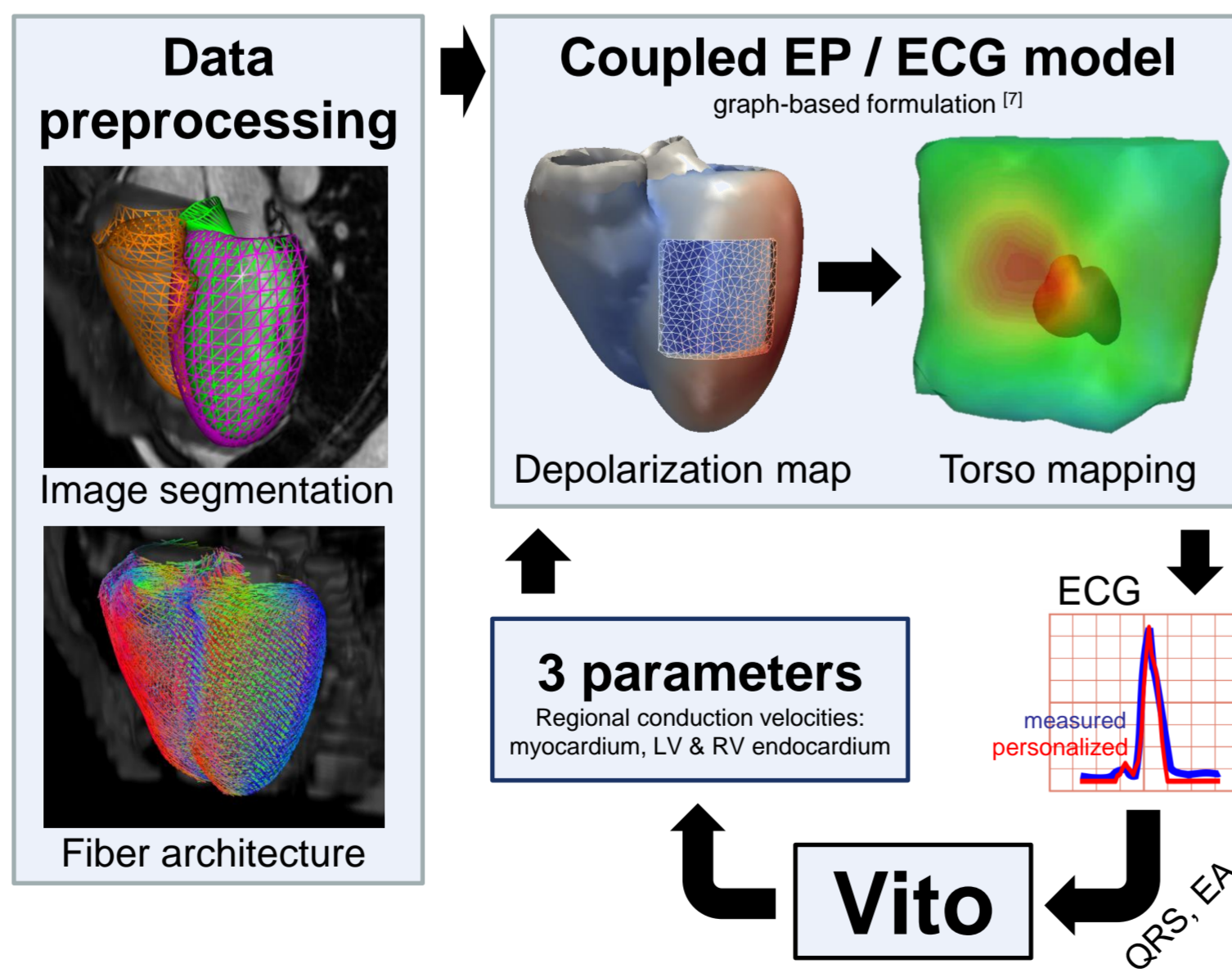
Calculates electrical signal controlling heart function

- Potential use: arrhythmia treatment
- Personalization: from 12-lead ECG

Results

Method	Vito	Reference
#Fail-cases	2	7
QRS error	3 ± 2 ms	1 ± 3 ms
EA error	9 ± 10 deg	10 ± 15 deg
#Iterations	37 ± 33	31 ± 7

→ 70% less fail-cases!



Calculates blood flow in cardiovascular system

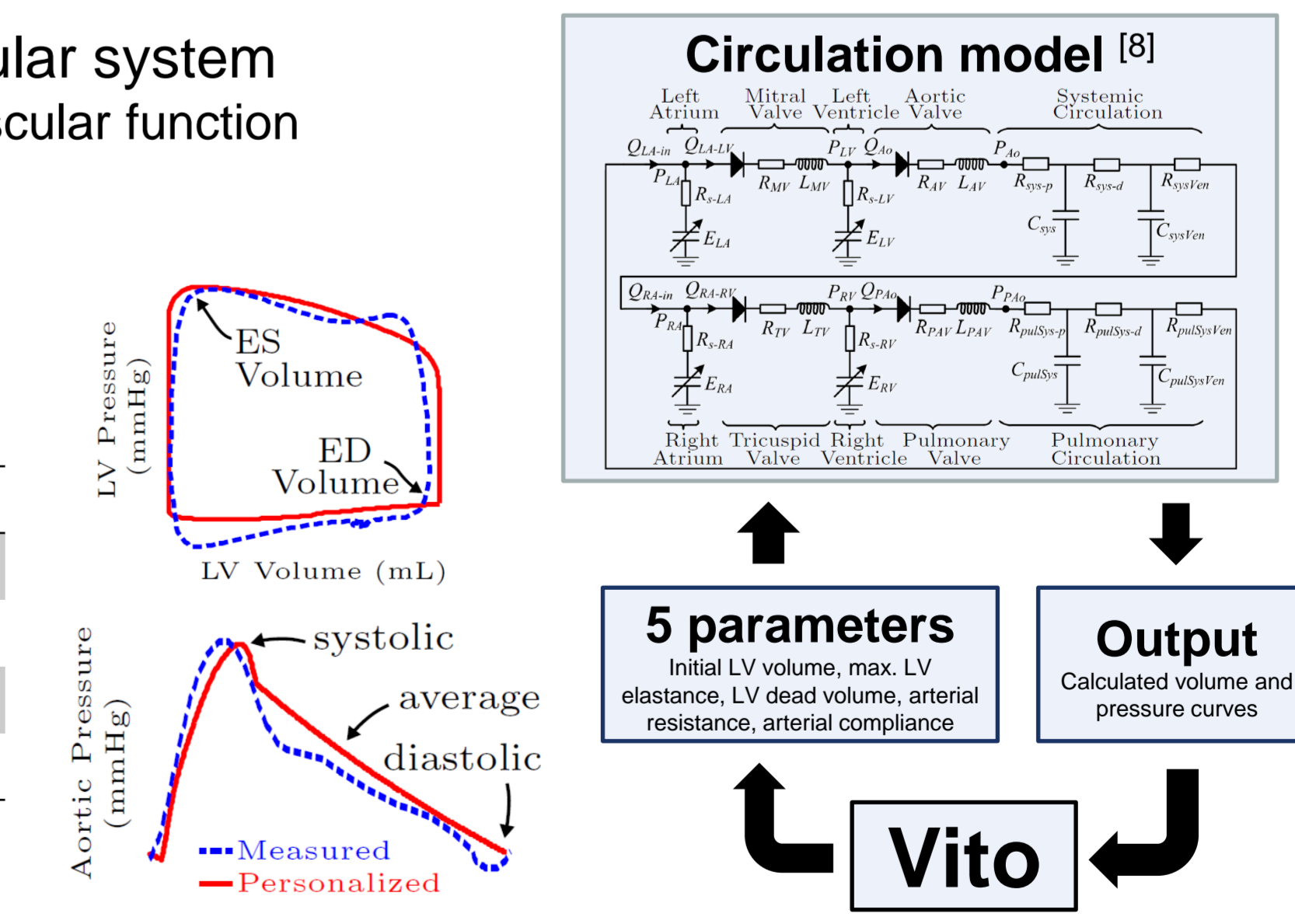
- Potential use: new insights in cardiovascular function
- Personalization:
 - from volume (MRI) and
 - pressure (catheterization) data

Results

Method	Vito	Reference [8]
#Fail-cases	2	3
Volume errors	9 ± 7 mL	9 ± 6 mL
Pressure errors	5 ± 5 mmHg	5 ± 5 mmHg
#Iterations	16 ± 30	48 ± 30

→ Three times faster!

Whole-body circulation



Conclusions

- New **generic** personalization method
 - No need to design & engineer cost function
- **Patient- and model-independent**
- **Fast and robust**

Perspectives

- Data-driven state-space quantization
 - Continuous, approximate RL
- Improve data efficiency [6]
- Investigate convergence, stability, ...

References

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