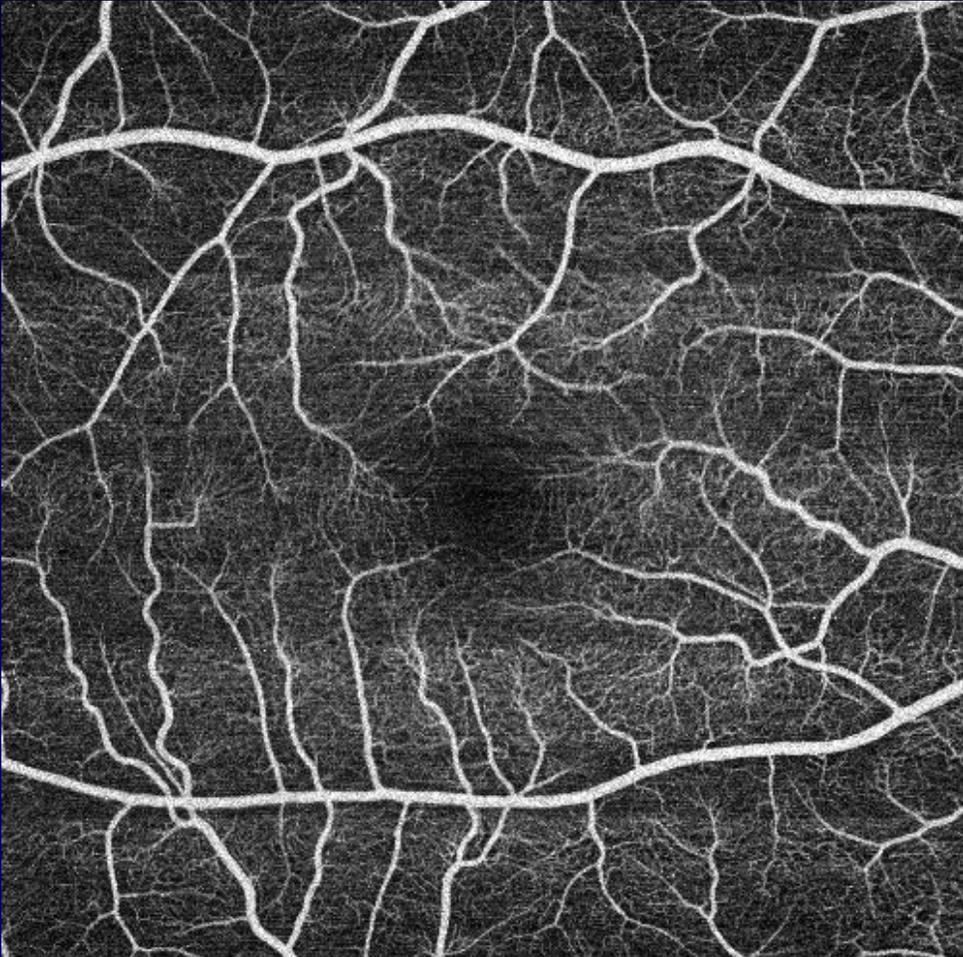


***Toward quantitative OCT angiography:
Visualizing flow impairment using
variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)***

Stefan B. Ploner, Eric M. Moulton, Nadia K. Waheed, Lennart Husvogt, Julia J. Schottenhamml, ByungKun Lee, Joachim Hornegger, Jay S. Duker, Philip J. Rosenfeld, James G. Fujimoto



OCT Angiography



- **Mean en face projection over retinal vasculature**
- **Visualizes presence/absence of vessels**
- **Little information about flow speed**

Part I:

Variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)

Variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)

- Proposed by Choi & Moulton *et al.* Ophthalmology. 2015.

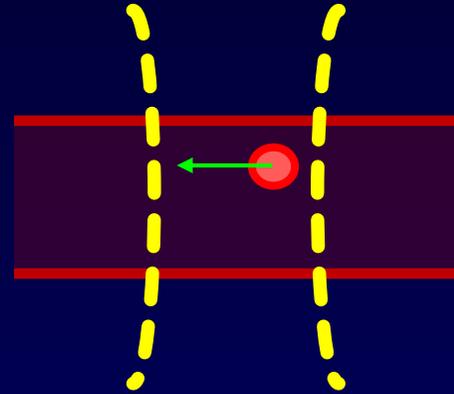
Ultrahigh-Speed, Swept-Source Optical Coherence Tomography Angiography in Nonexudative Age-Related Macular Degeneration with Geographic Atrophy

WooJhon Choi, PhD,^{1,*} Eric M. Moulton, BS,^{1,2,*} Nadia K. Waheed, MD,³ Mehreen Adhi, MD,³ ByungKun Lee, MS,¹ Chen D. Lu, MS,¹ Talisa E. de Carlo, BS,³ Vijaysekhar Jayaraman, PhD,⁴ Philip J. Rosenfeld, MD, PhD,⁵ Jay S. Duker, MD,³ James G. Fujimoto, PhD¹

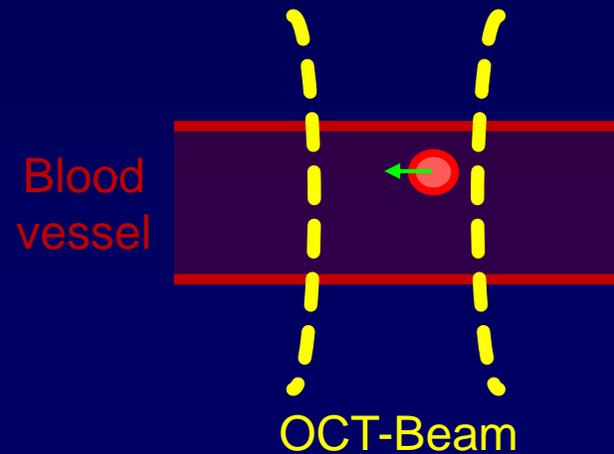
Variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)

Inter-
scan time

$1 \cdot \Delta t$



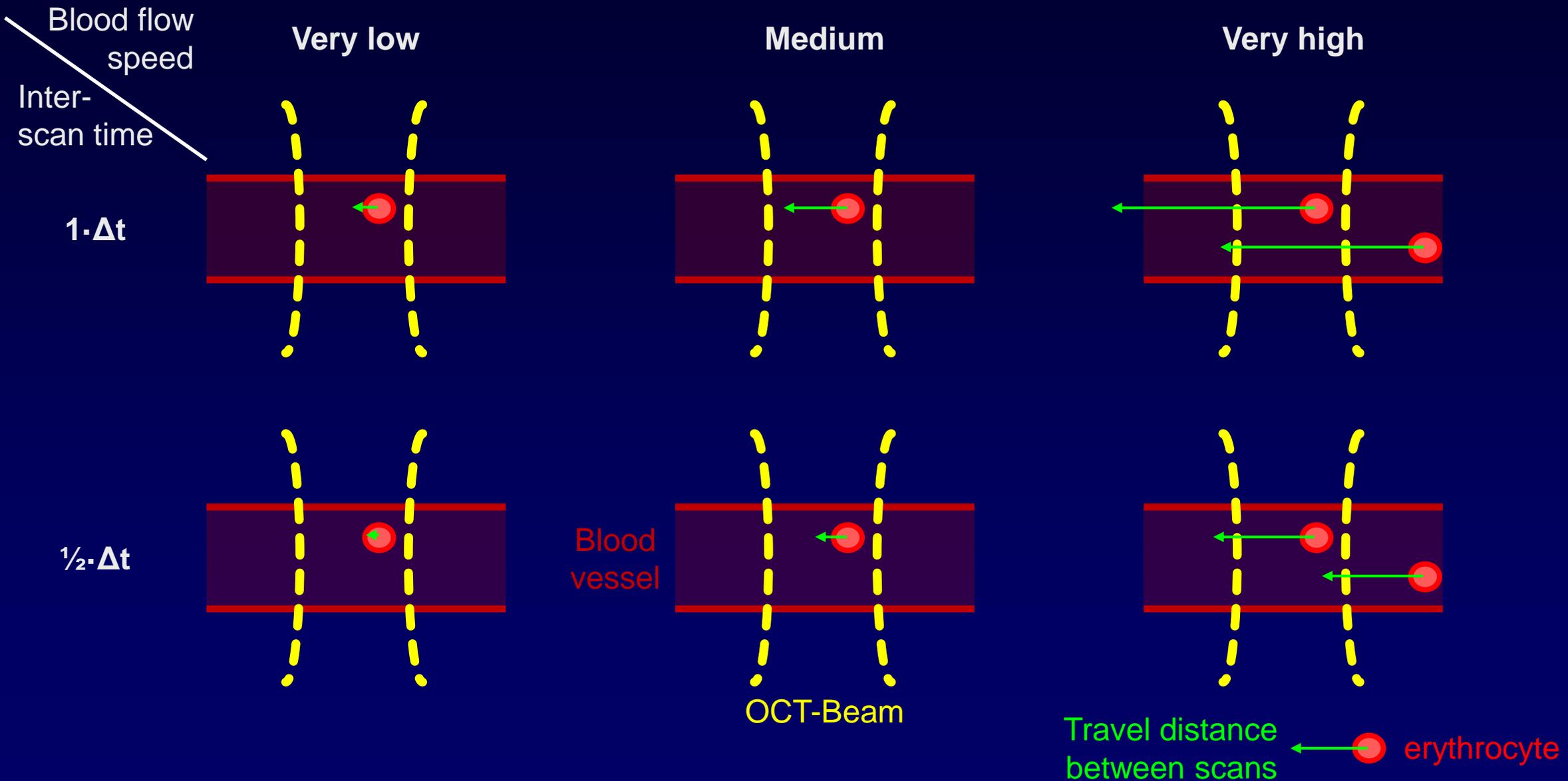
$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \Delta t$



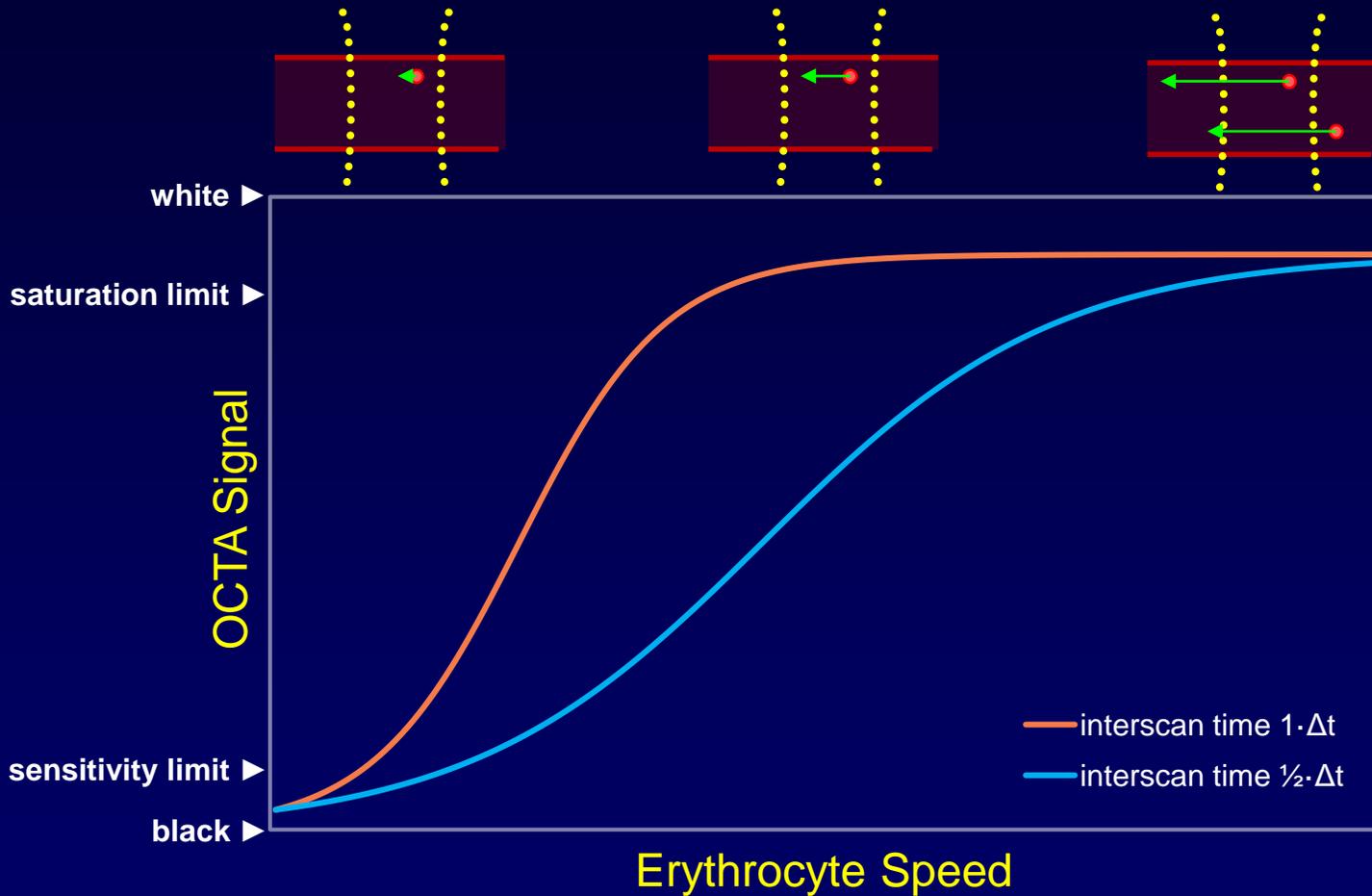
- Travel distance proportional to interscan time
- Shorter interscan time leads to reduced decorrelation

Travel distance between scans ← erythrocyte

Variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)



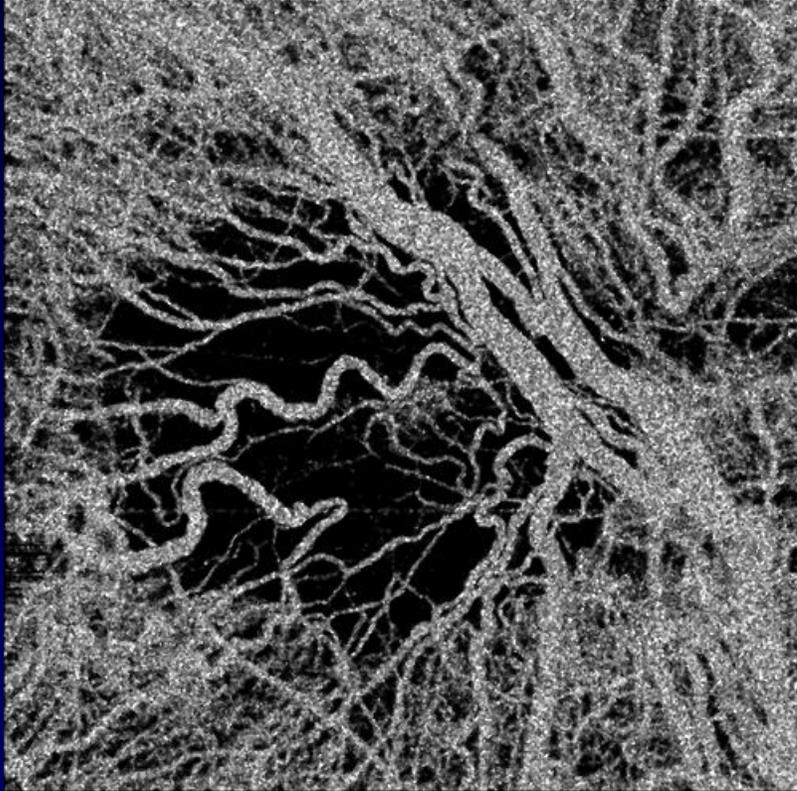
Variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)



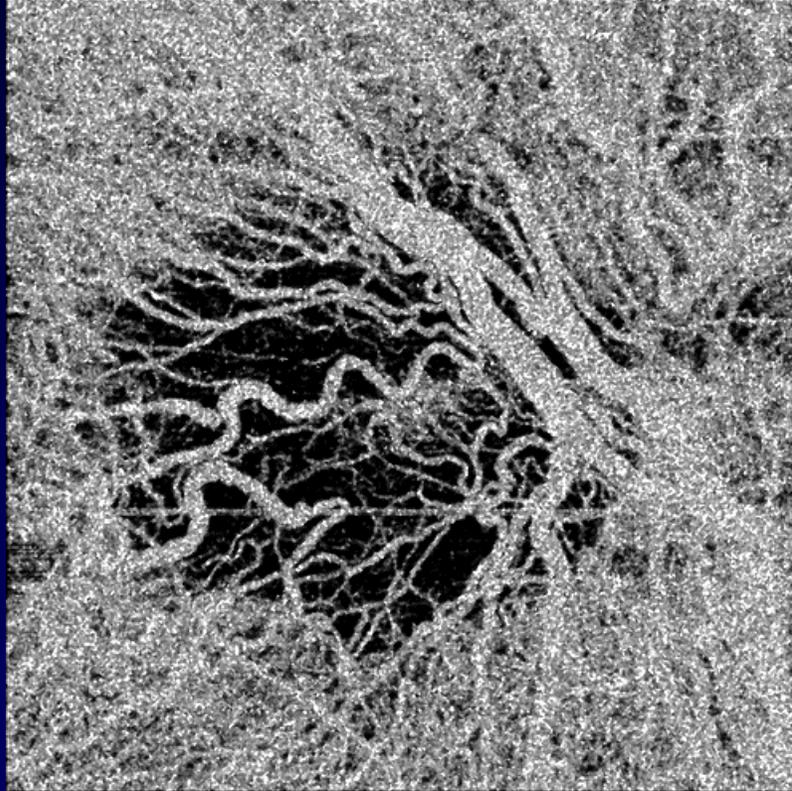
- The interscan time determines sensitivity to flow speed

OCTA in 75 y/o Non-Exudative AMD with GA (6x6mm)

1.5 ms interscan time

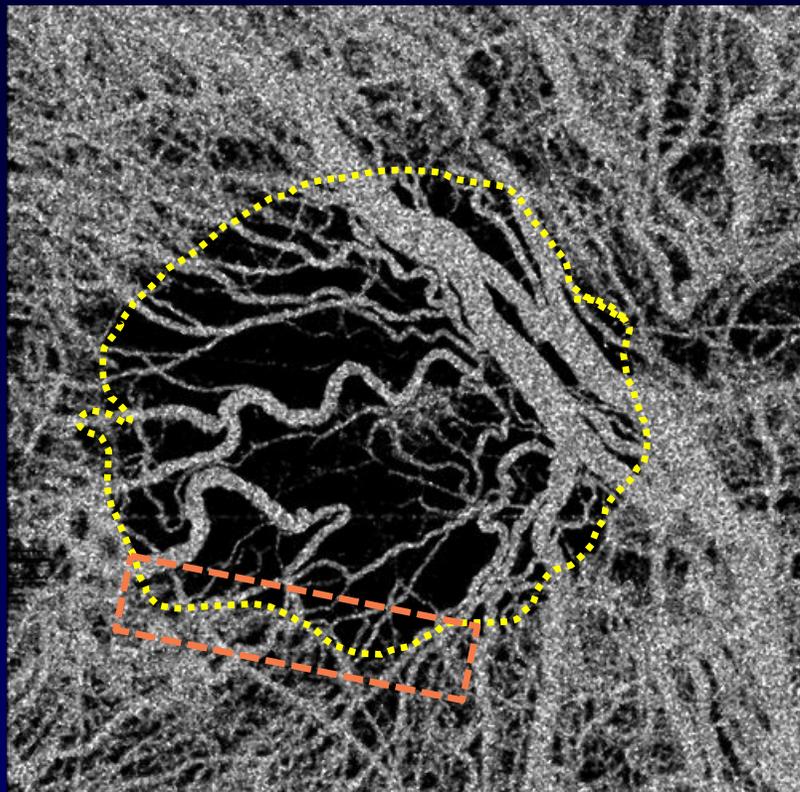


3 ms interscan time

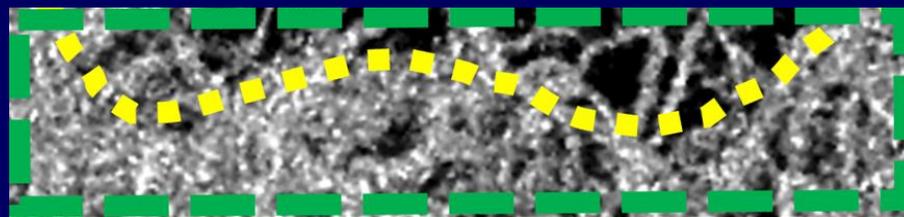
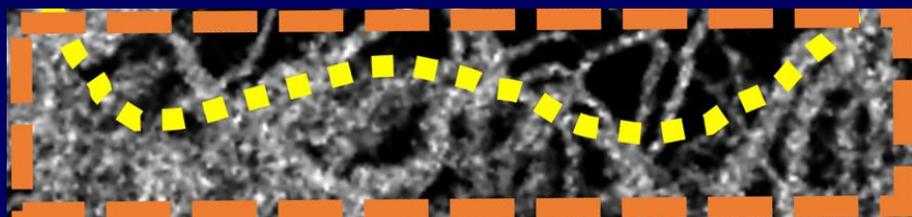
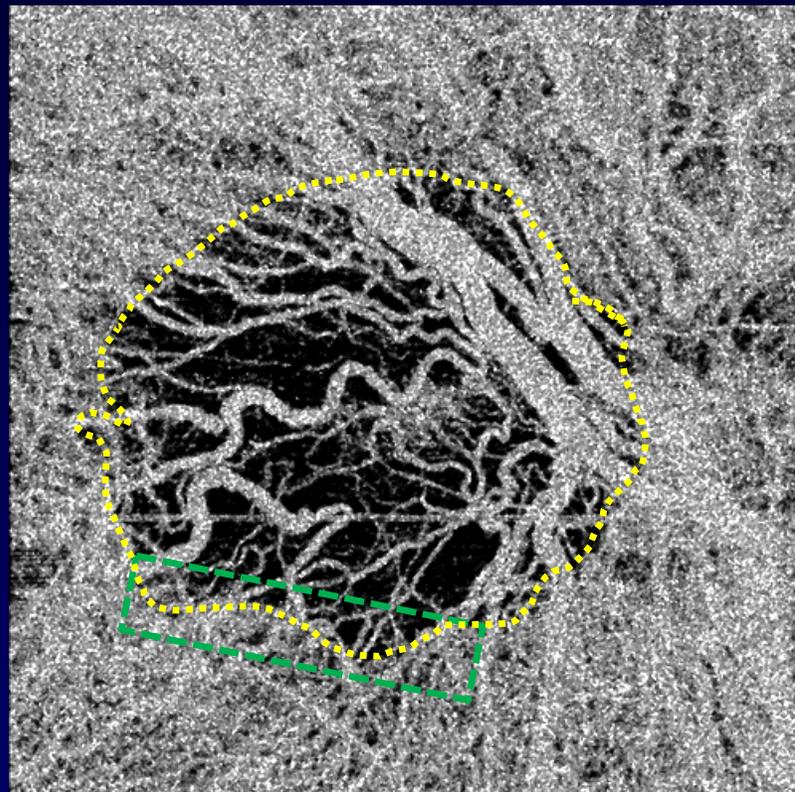


OCTA in 75 y/o Non-Exudative AMD with GA (6x6mm)

1.5 ms interscan time

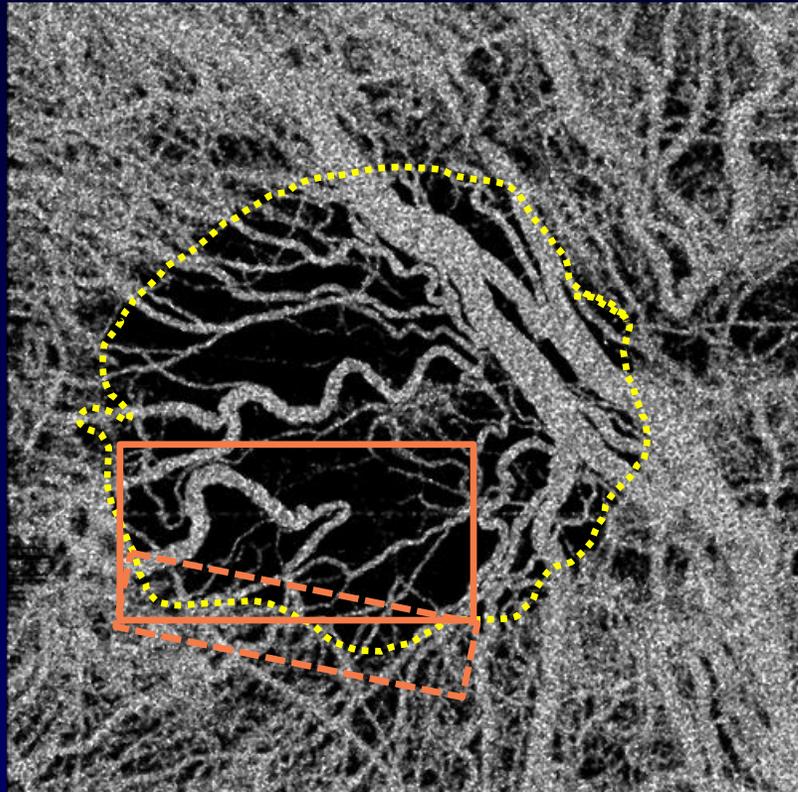


3 ms interscan time

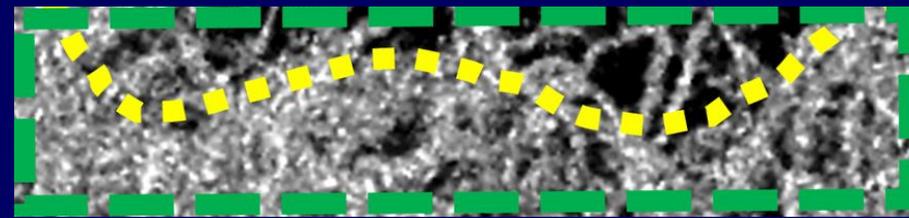
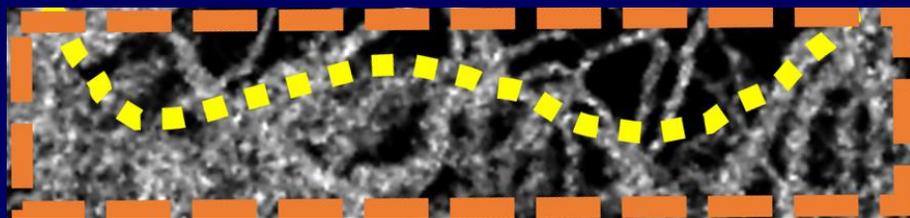
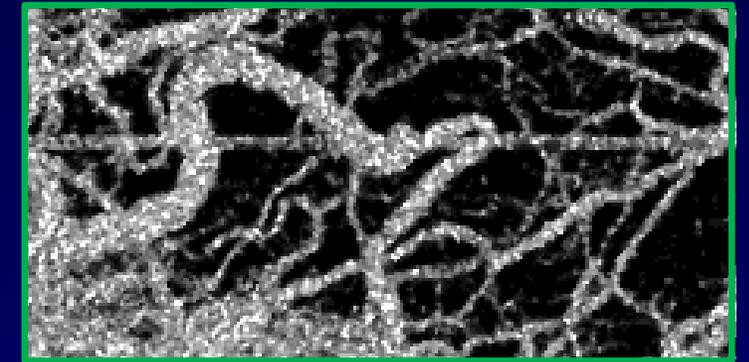
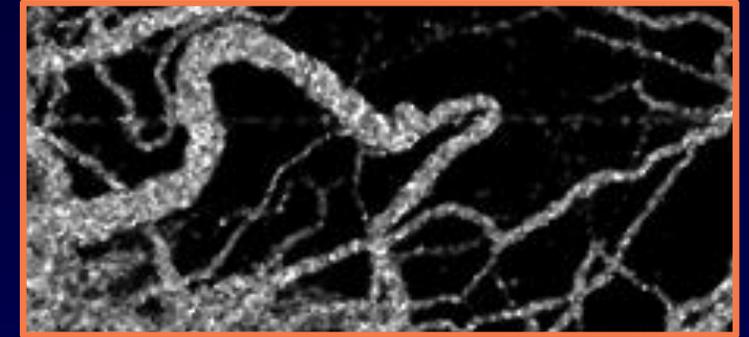
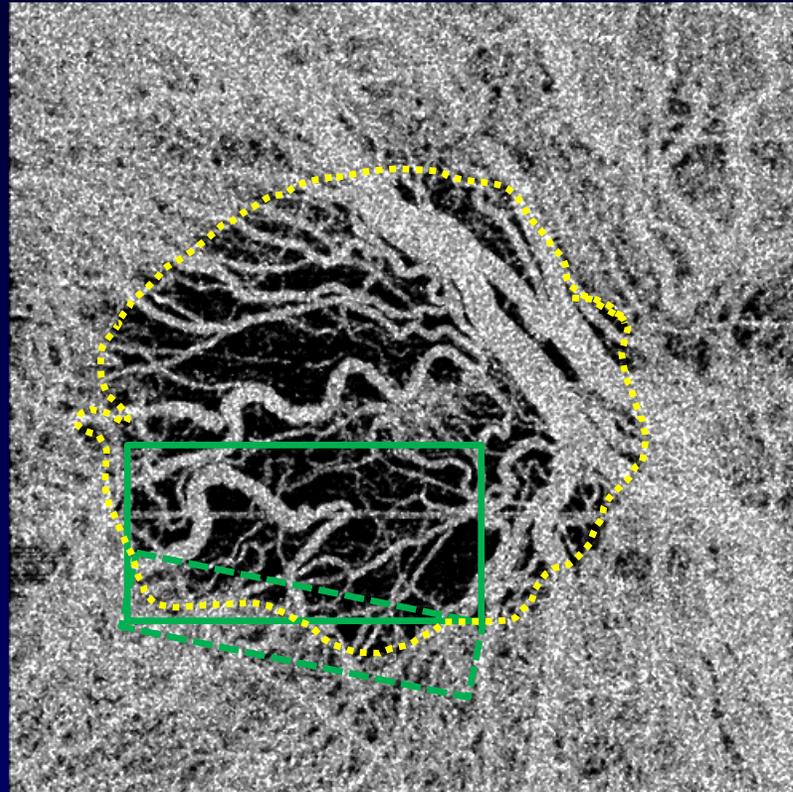


OCTA in 75 y/o Non-Exudative AMD with GA (6x6mm)

1.5 ms interscan time



3 ms interscan time



The Problem

The information provided by VISTA is not easily interpretable in its raw form.

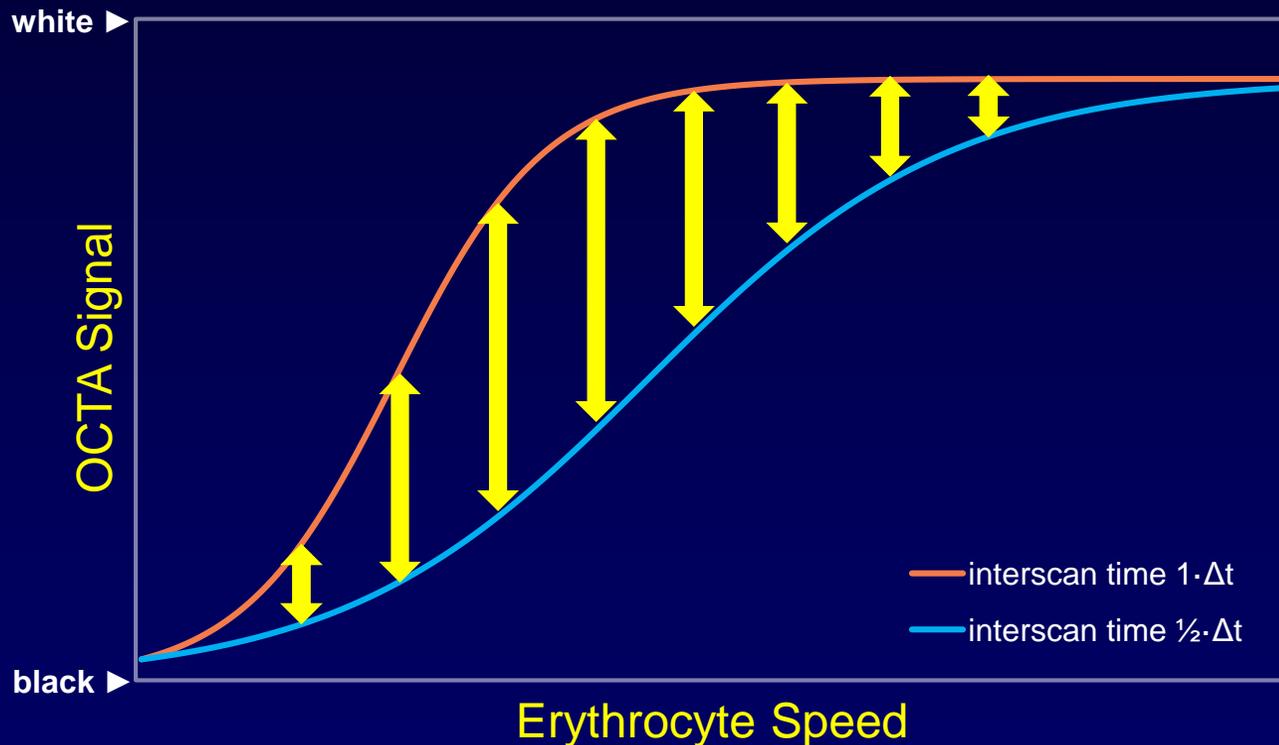
This limits the clinical applicability of VISTA.

The Solution

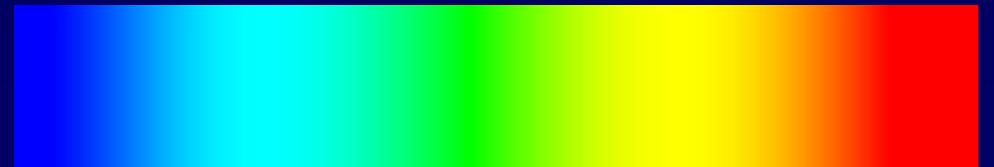
Map the raw VISTA data to an easily interpretable color map:

The VISTA visualization algorithm

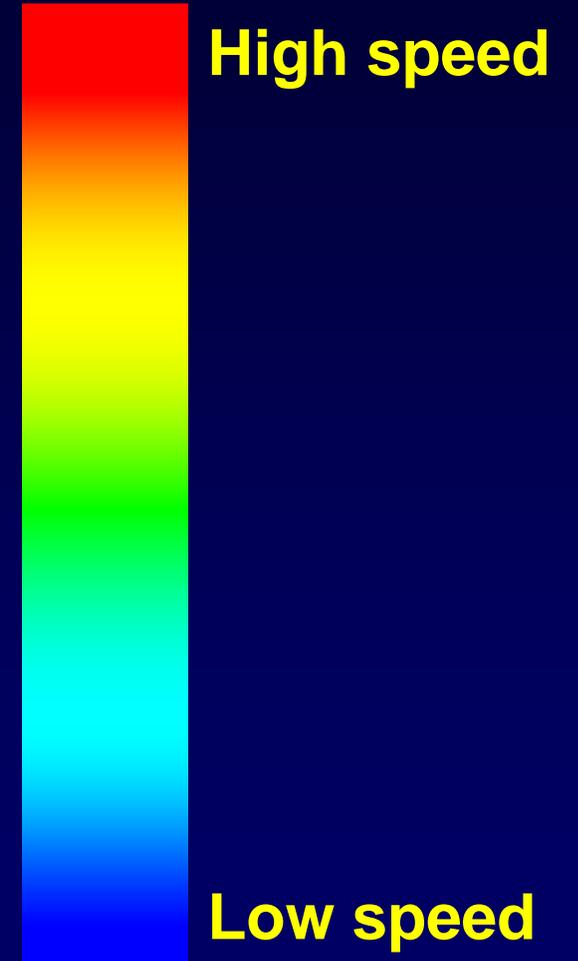
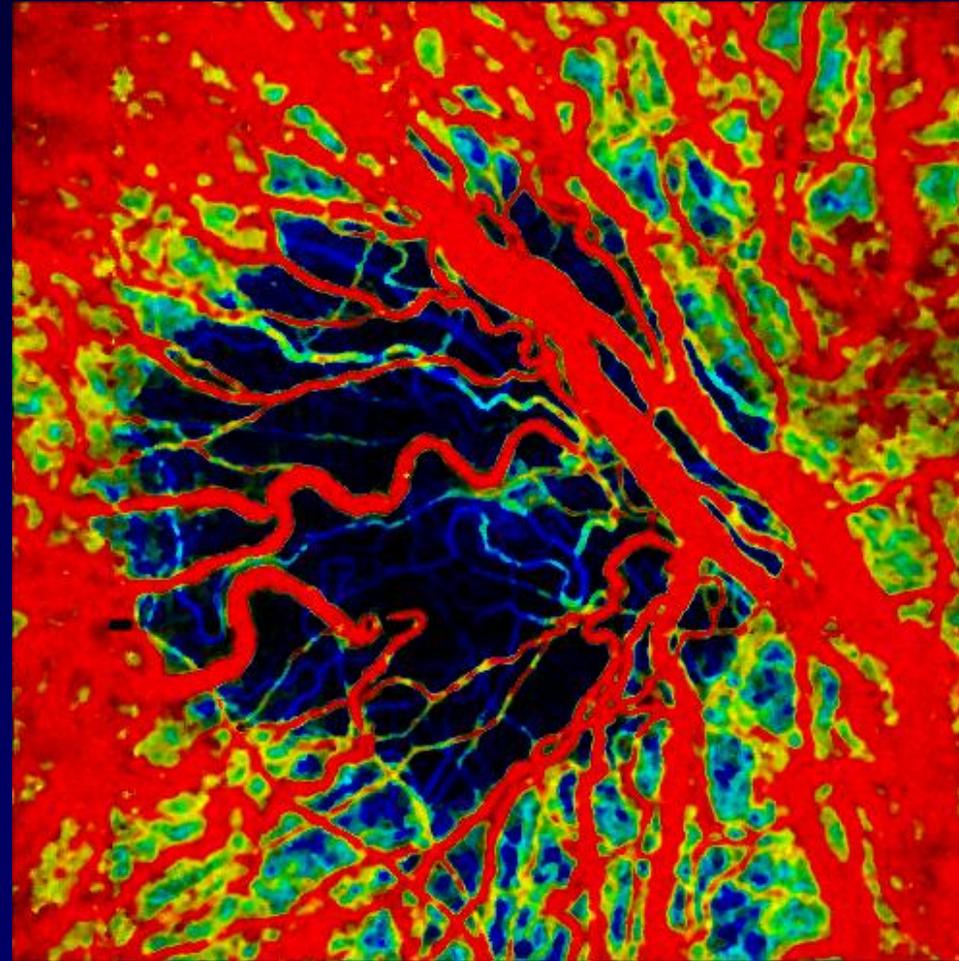
VISTA Visualization



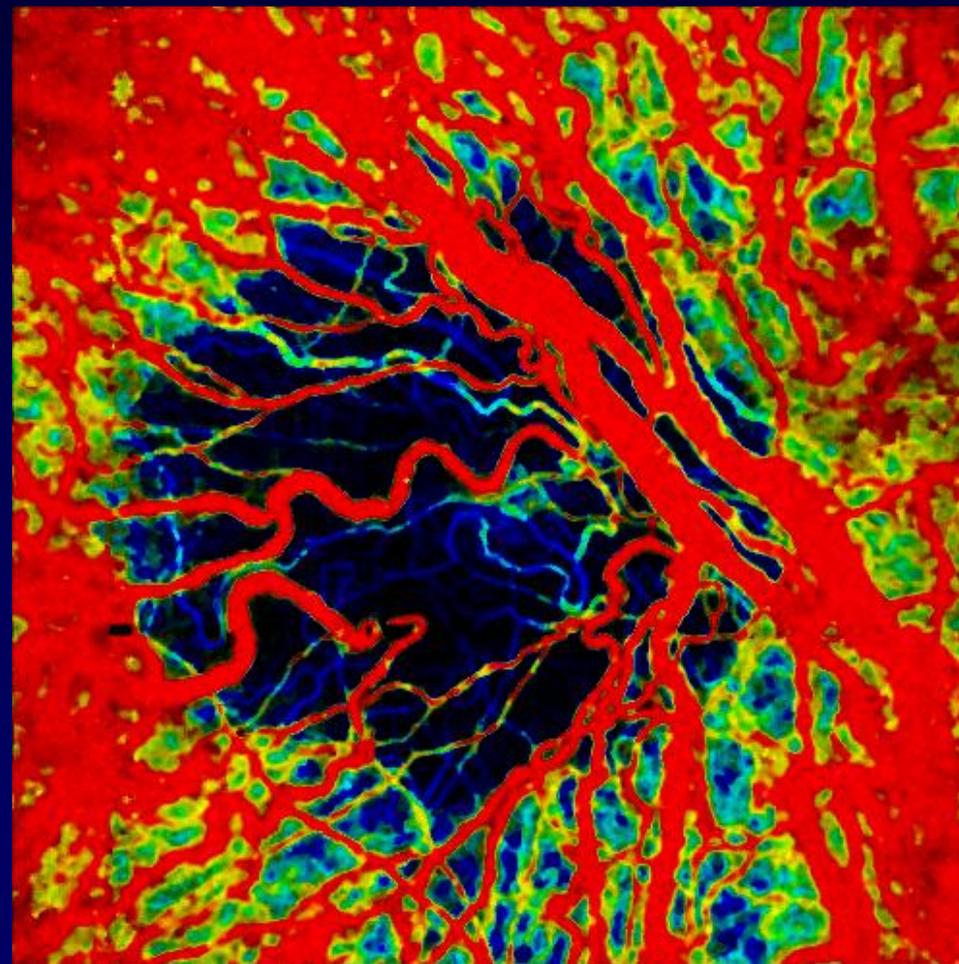
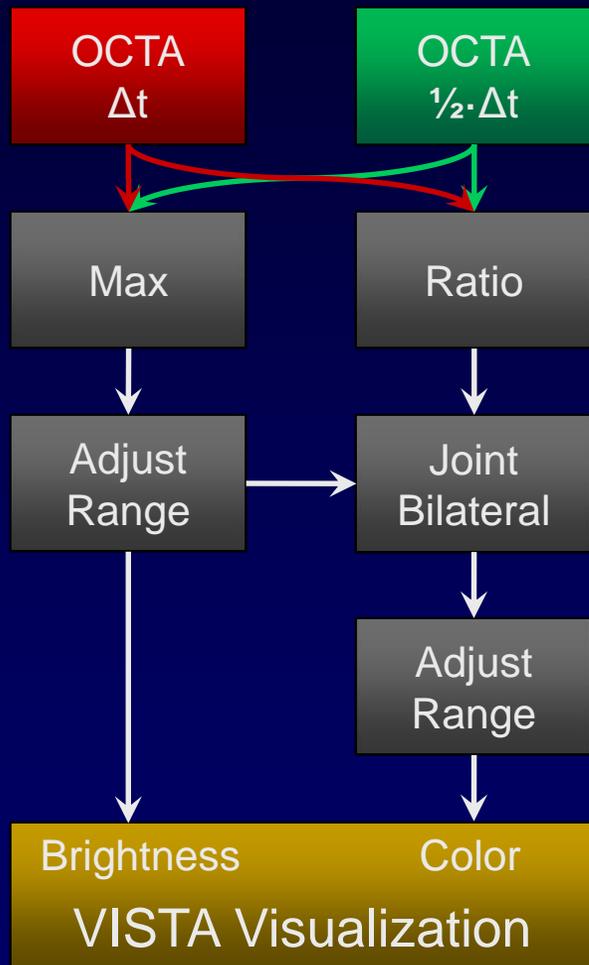
- VISTA measures two distinct interscan times
- The difference in the OCTA signal is related to erythrocyte speed
- We map the **ratio** to a color bar:



VISTA Visualization



VISTA Visualization



Part II:

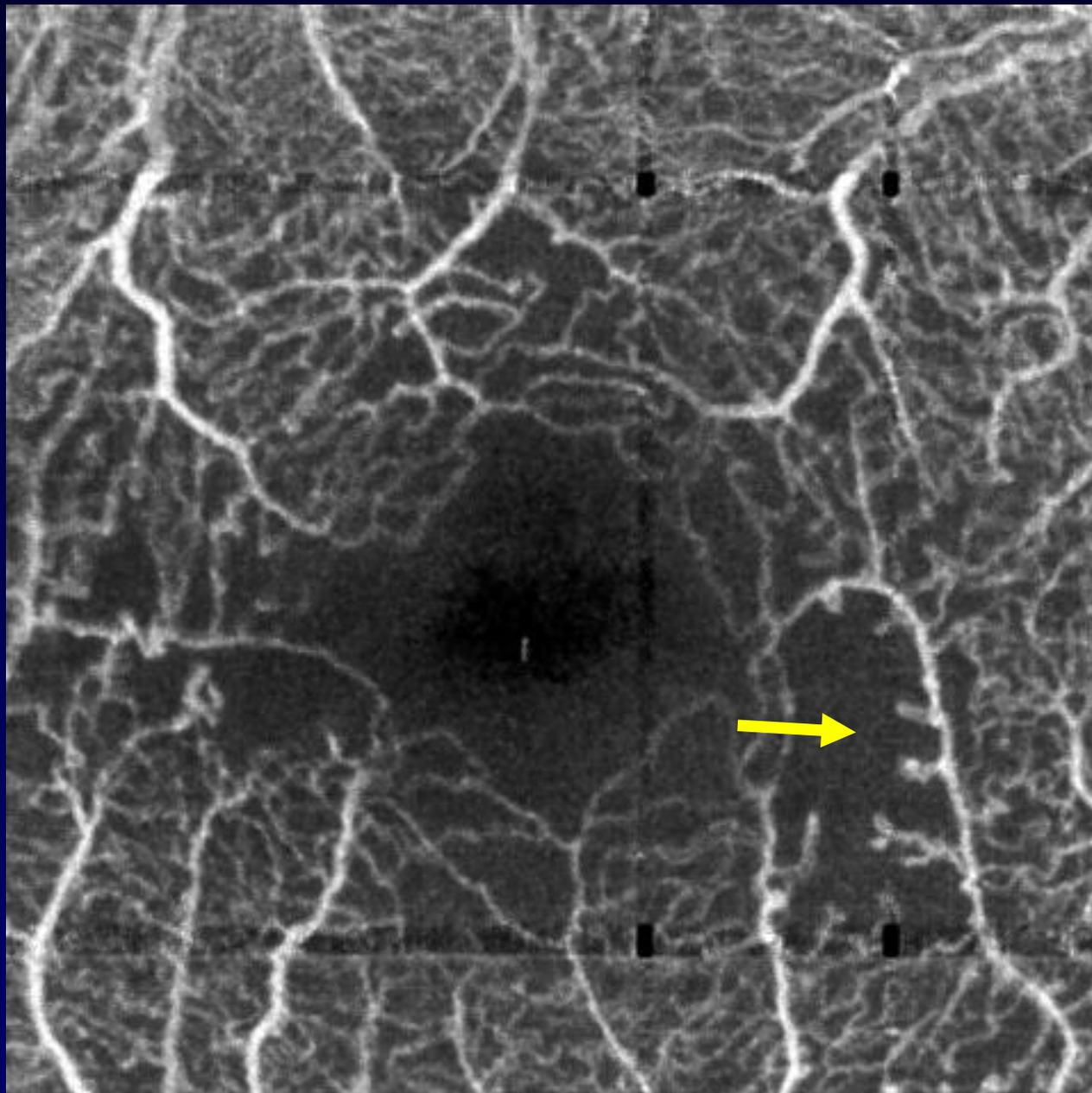
Cases

Case 1: 51 y/o NPDR

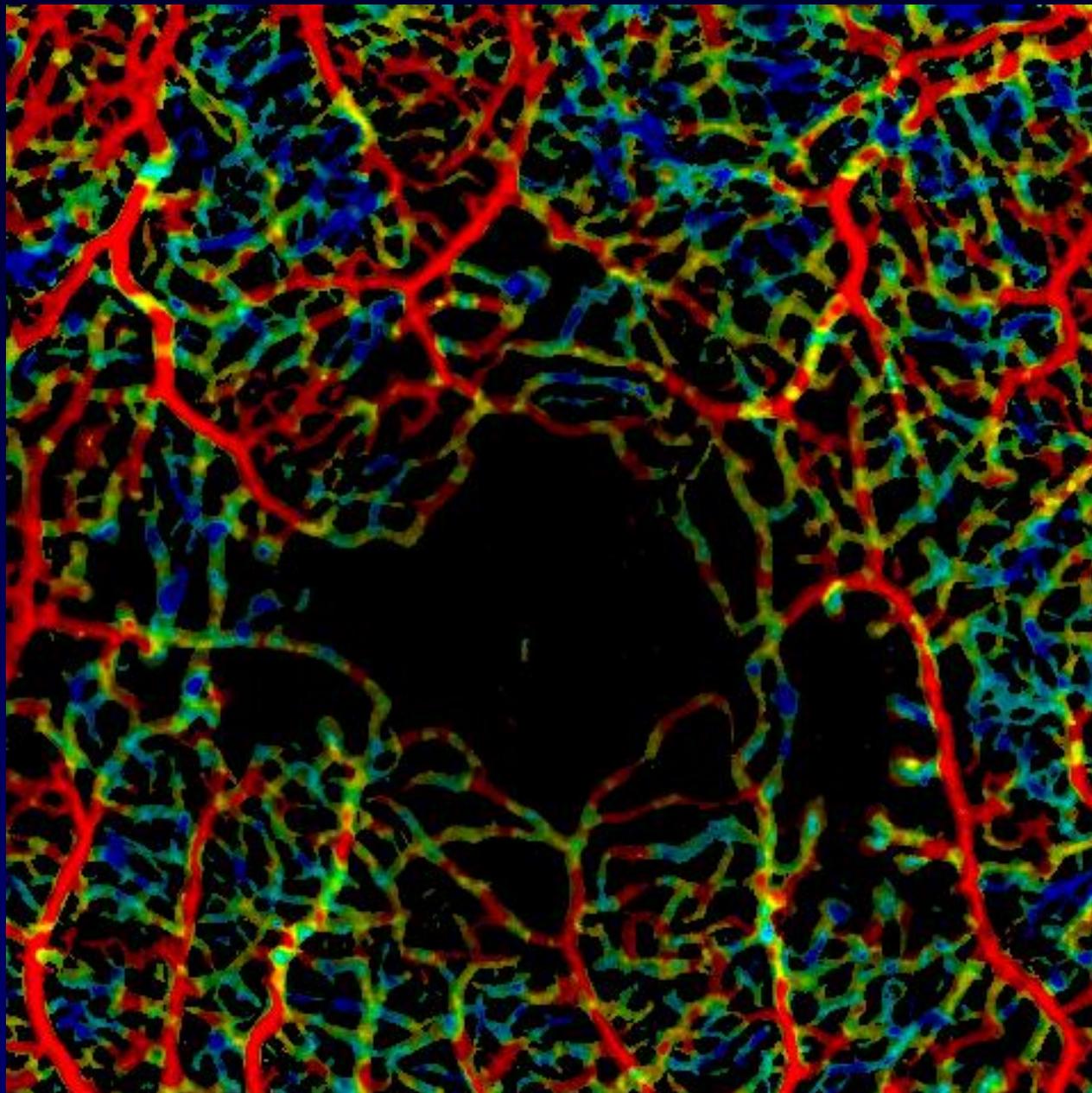


**Fundus
Photo**

OCTA (3 ms)
3 x 3 mm



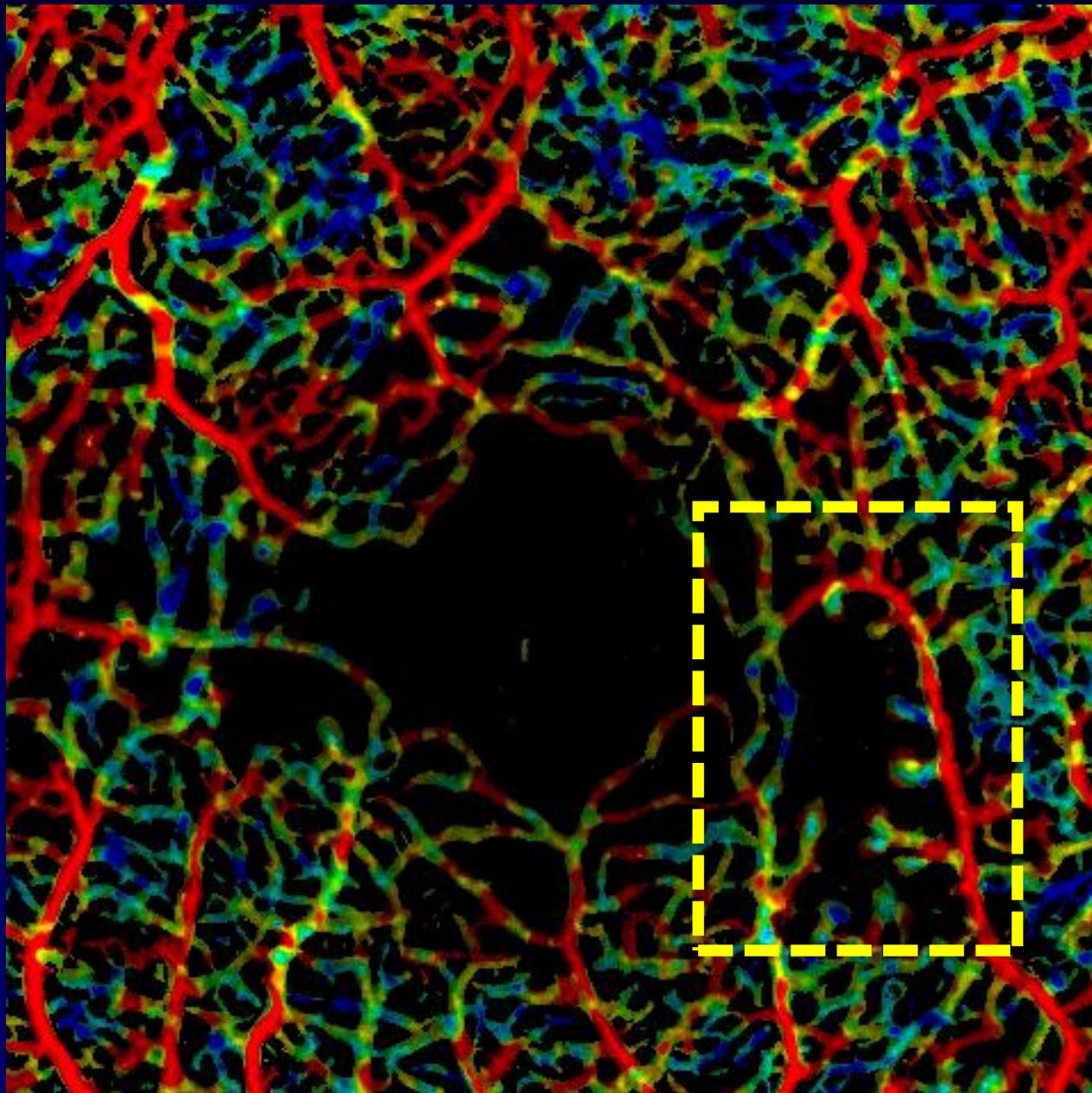
**VISTA
Visualization
3 x 3 mm**



High speed

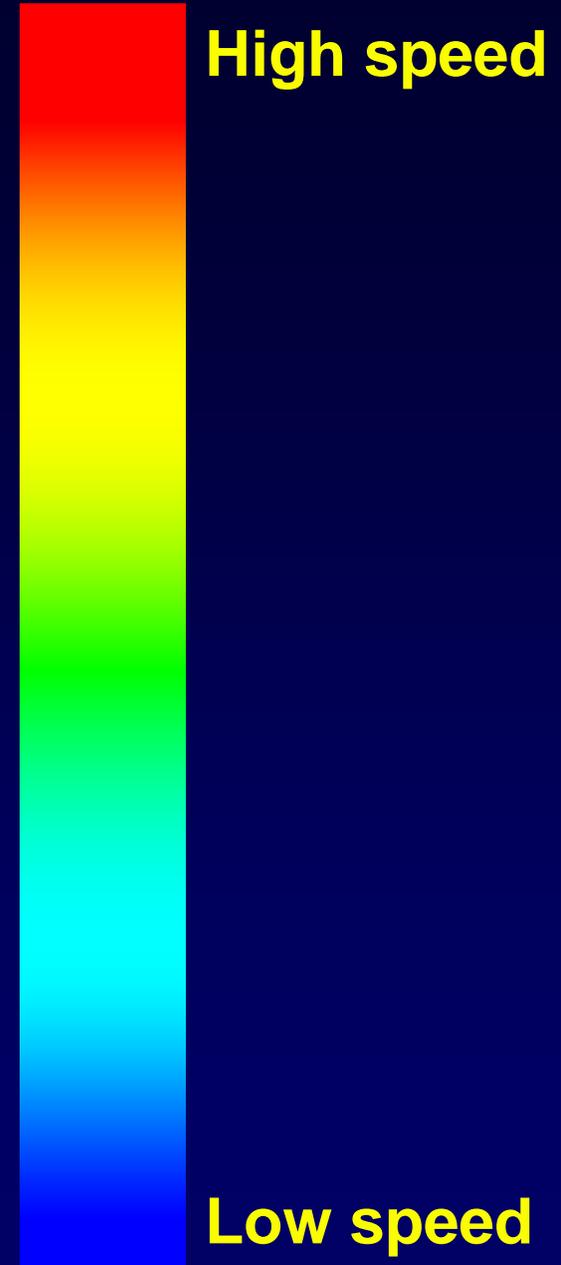
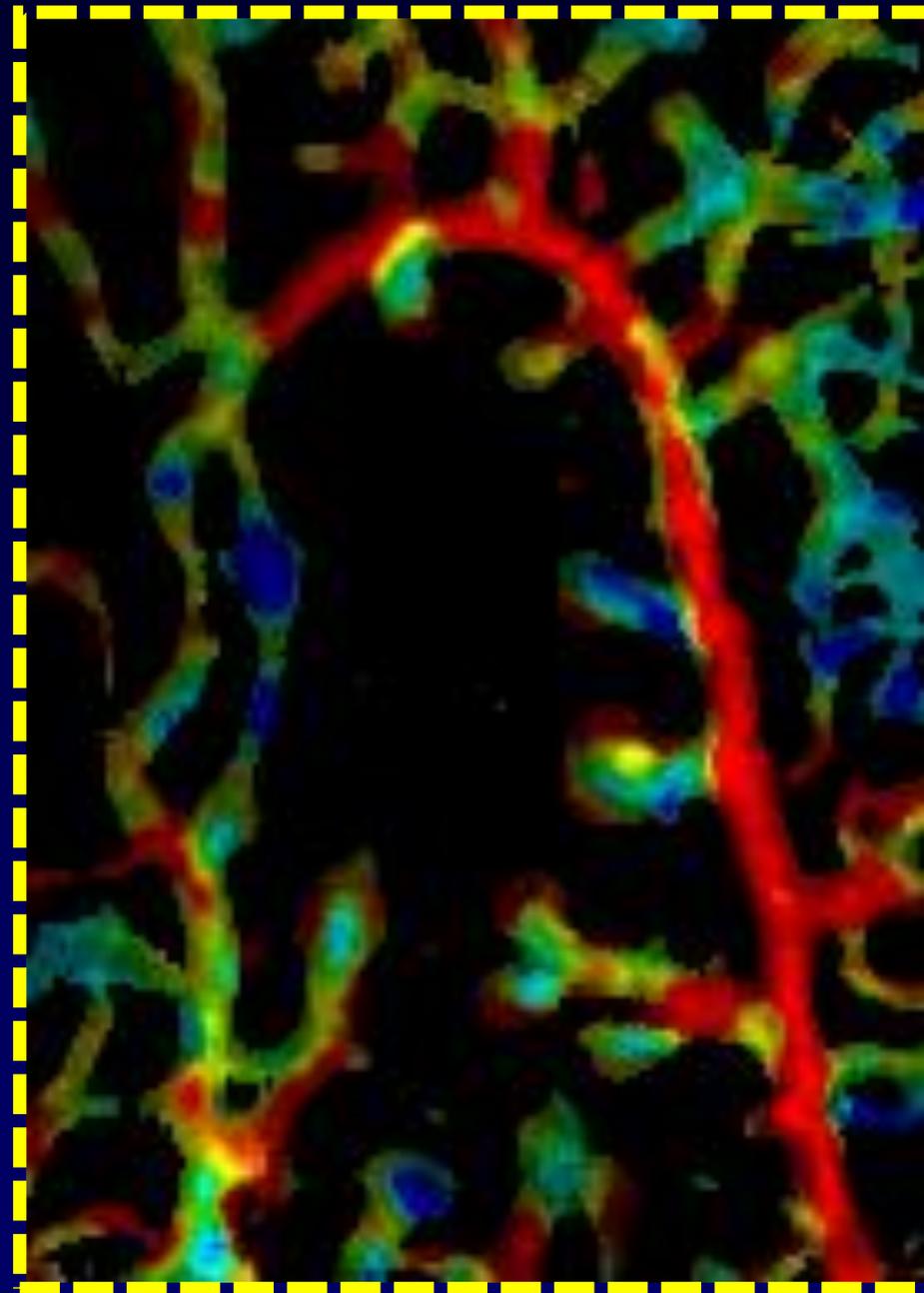
Low speed

**VISTA
Visualization
3 x 3 mm**



High speed

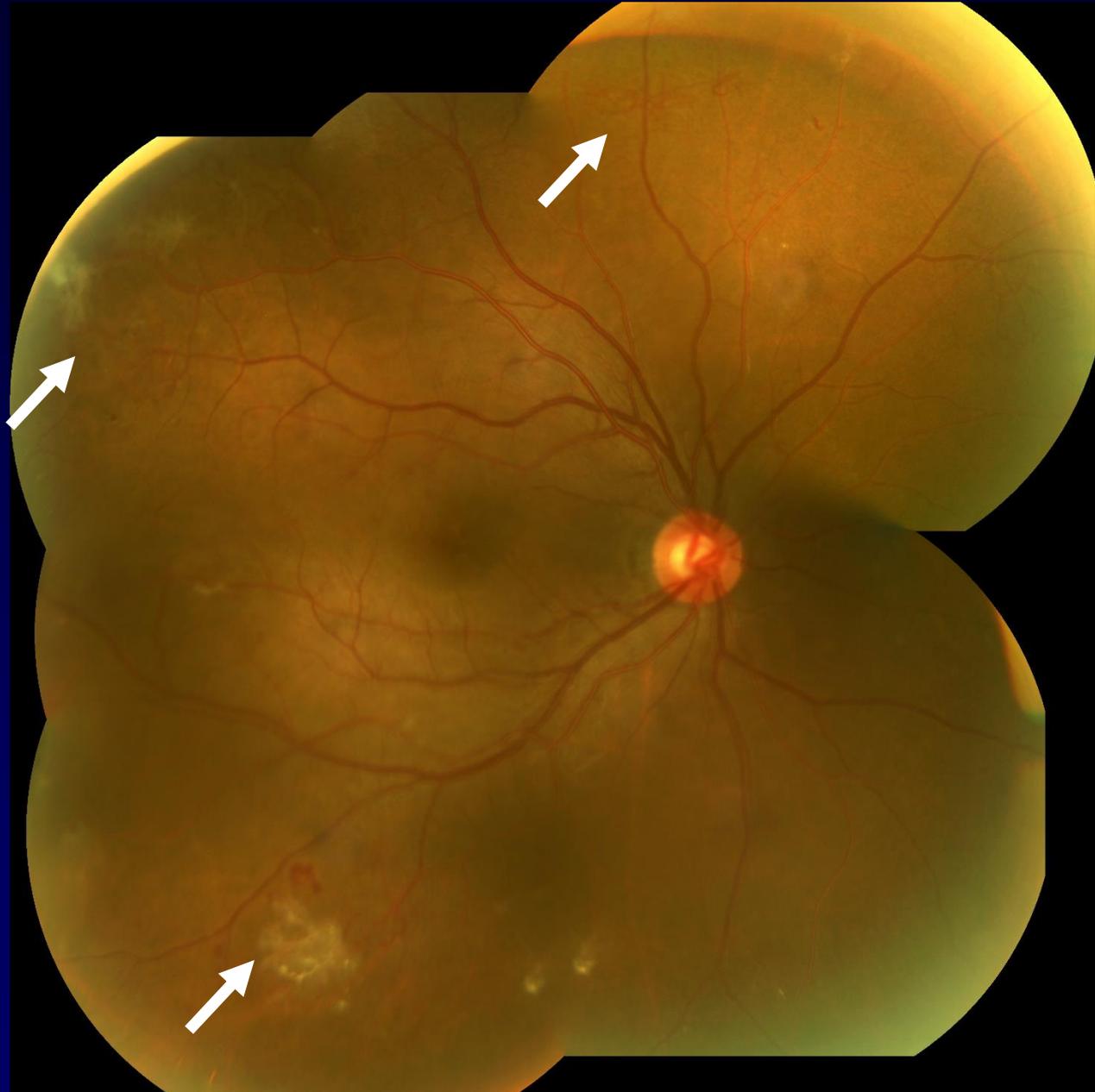
Low speed



**VISTA
Visualization
enlarged**

Case 2: 30 y/o PDR

**Fundus
Photo**



23 s

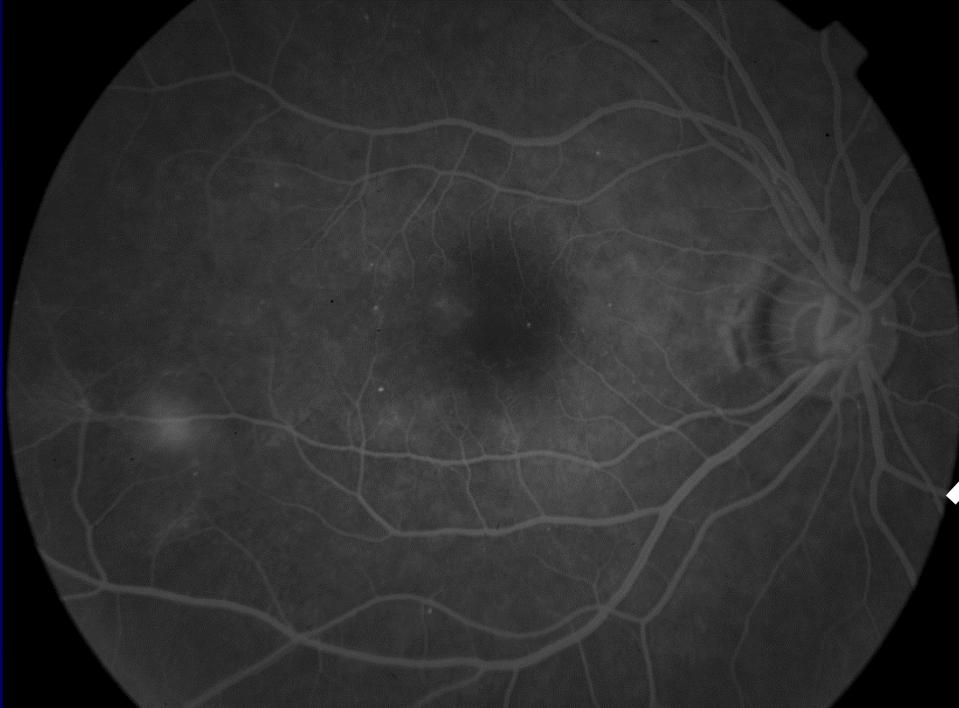


37 s

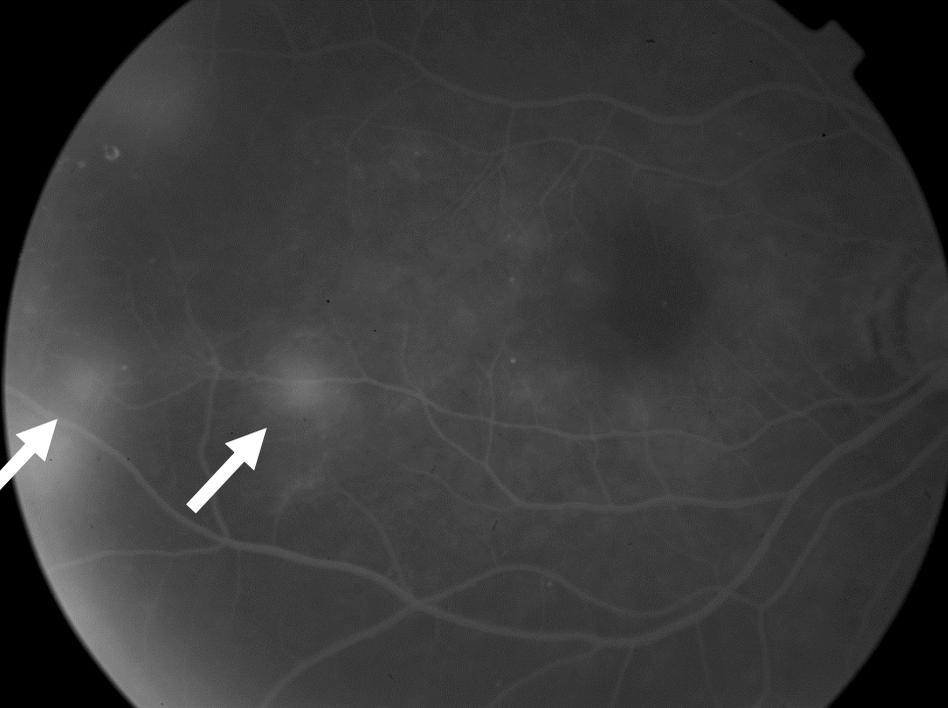


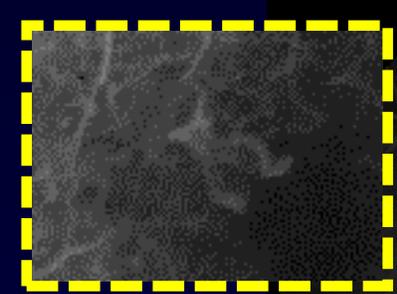
2 min
23 s

FA



6 min





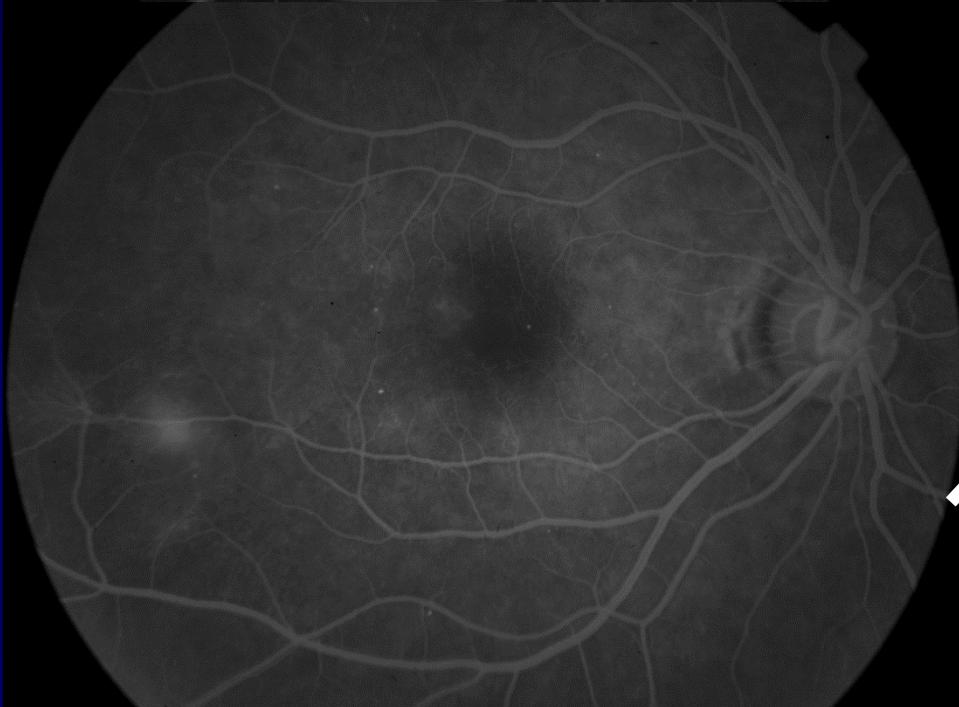
23 s



37 s

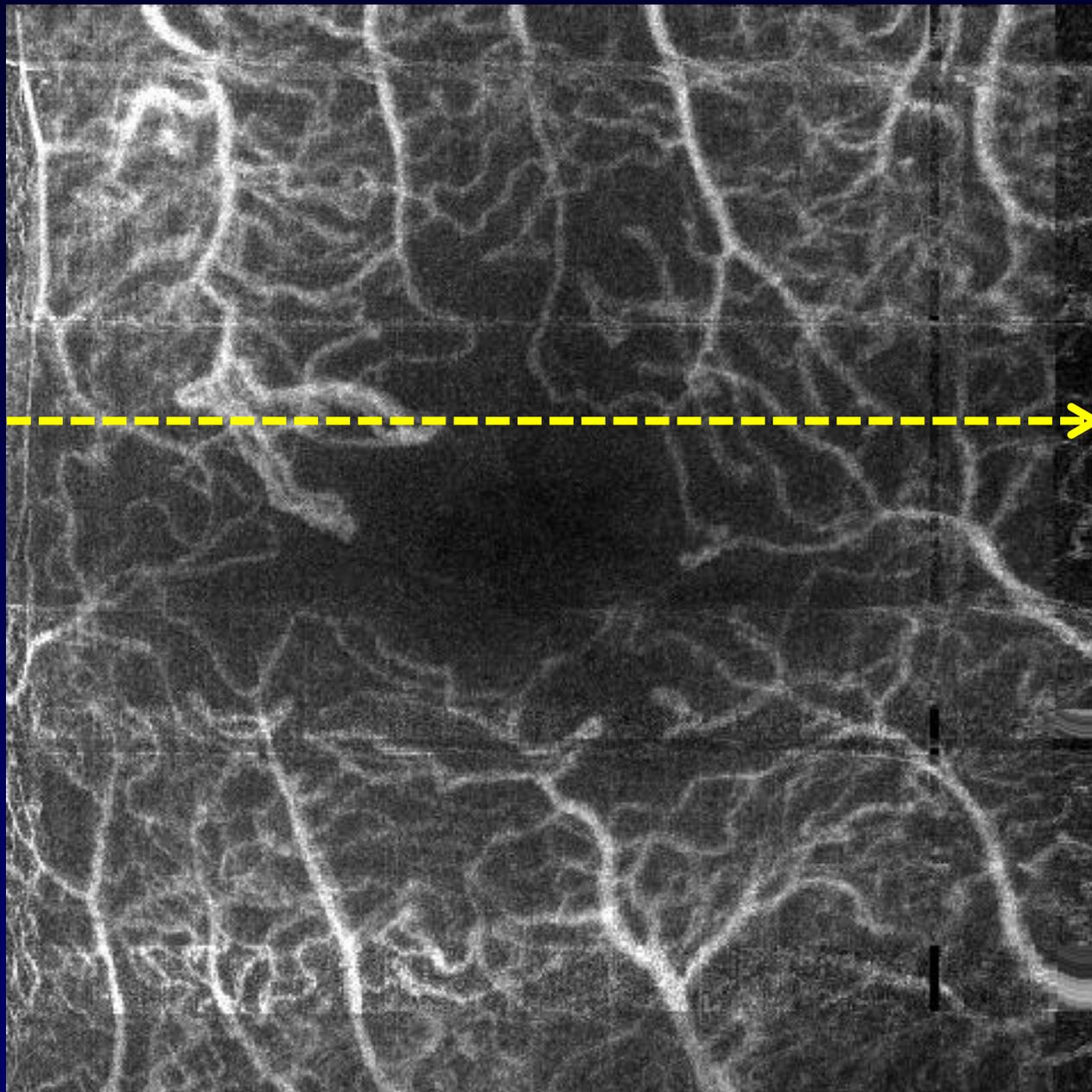
2 min
23 s

FA



6 min

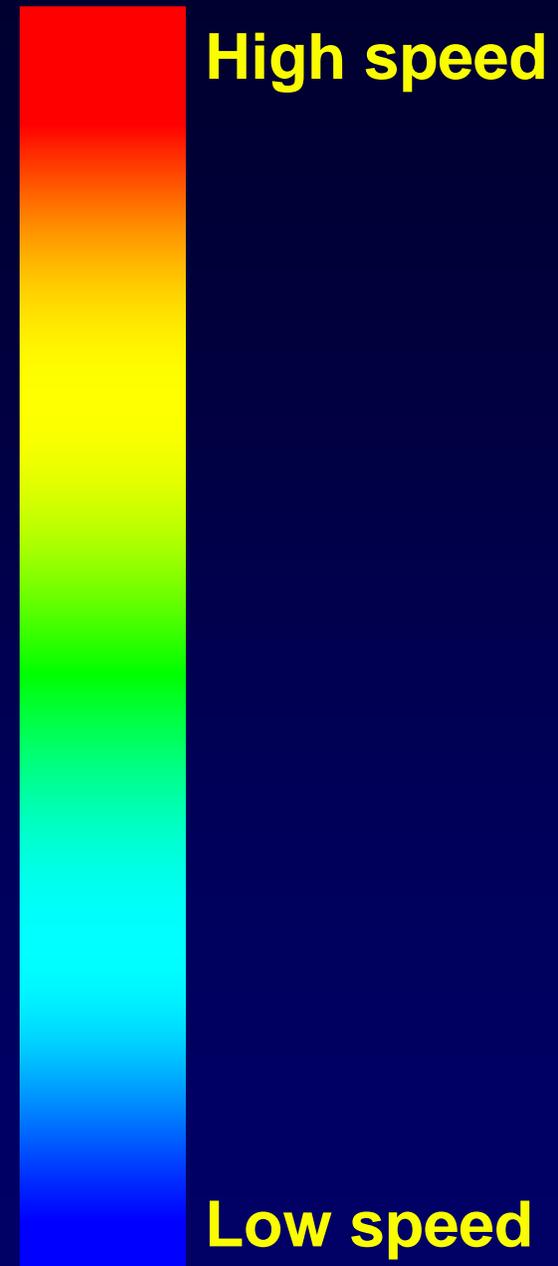
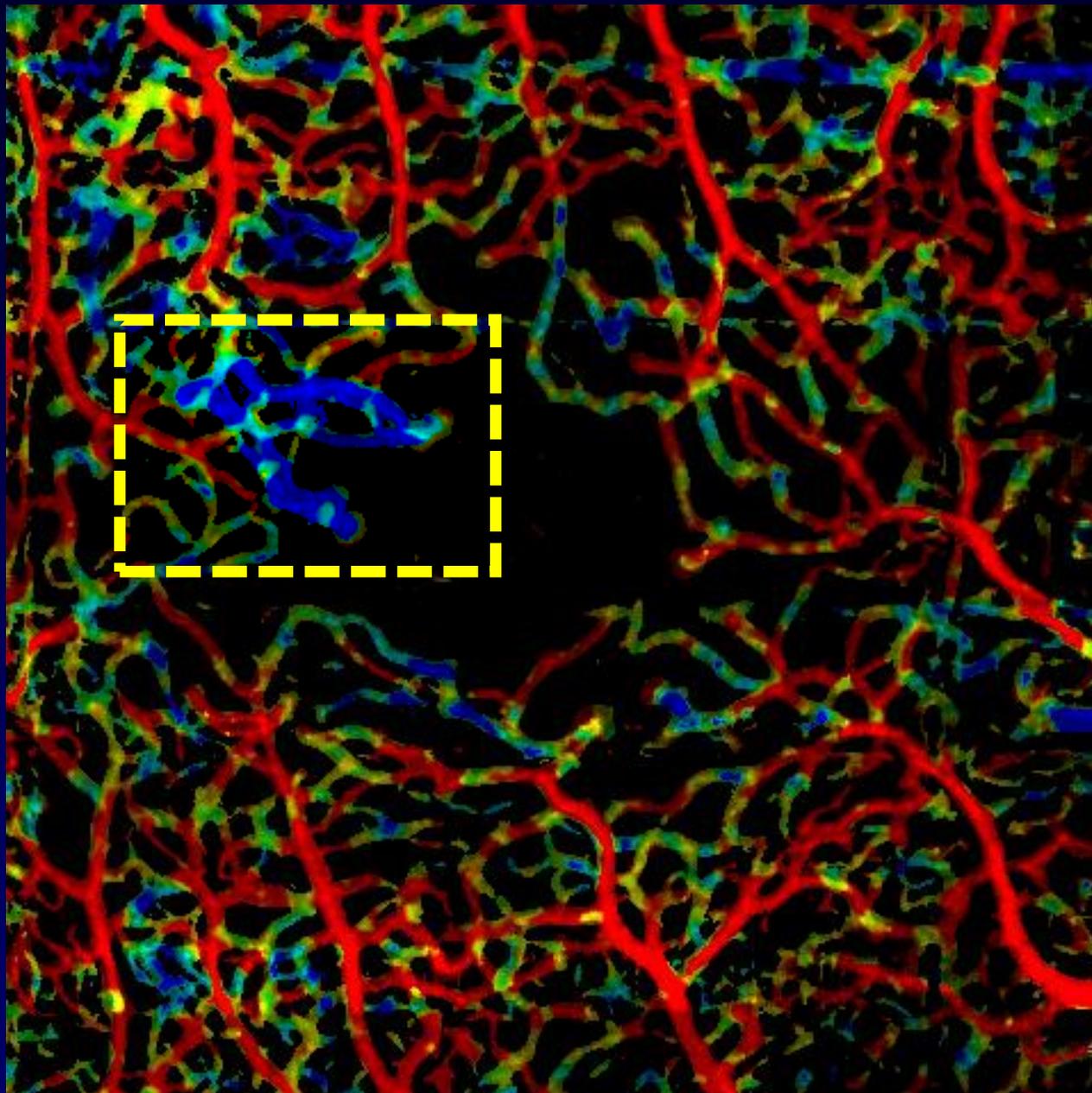
OCTA (3 ms)
3 x 3 mm



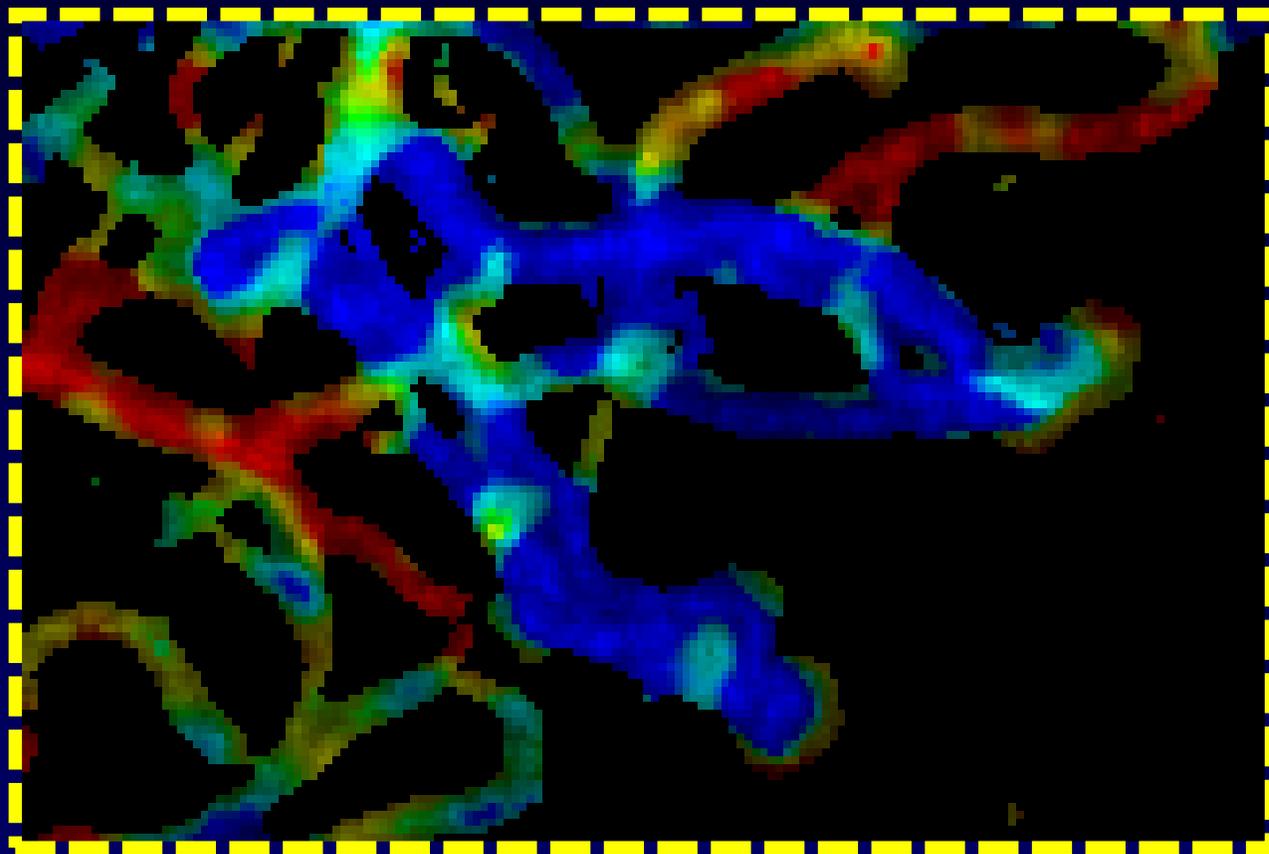
OCT B-Scan



**VISTA
Visualization
3 x 3 mm**



**VISTA
Visualization
enlarged**

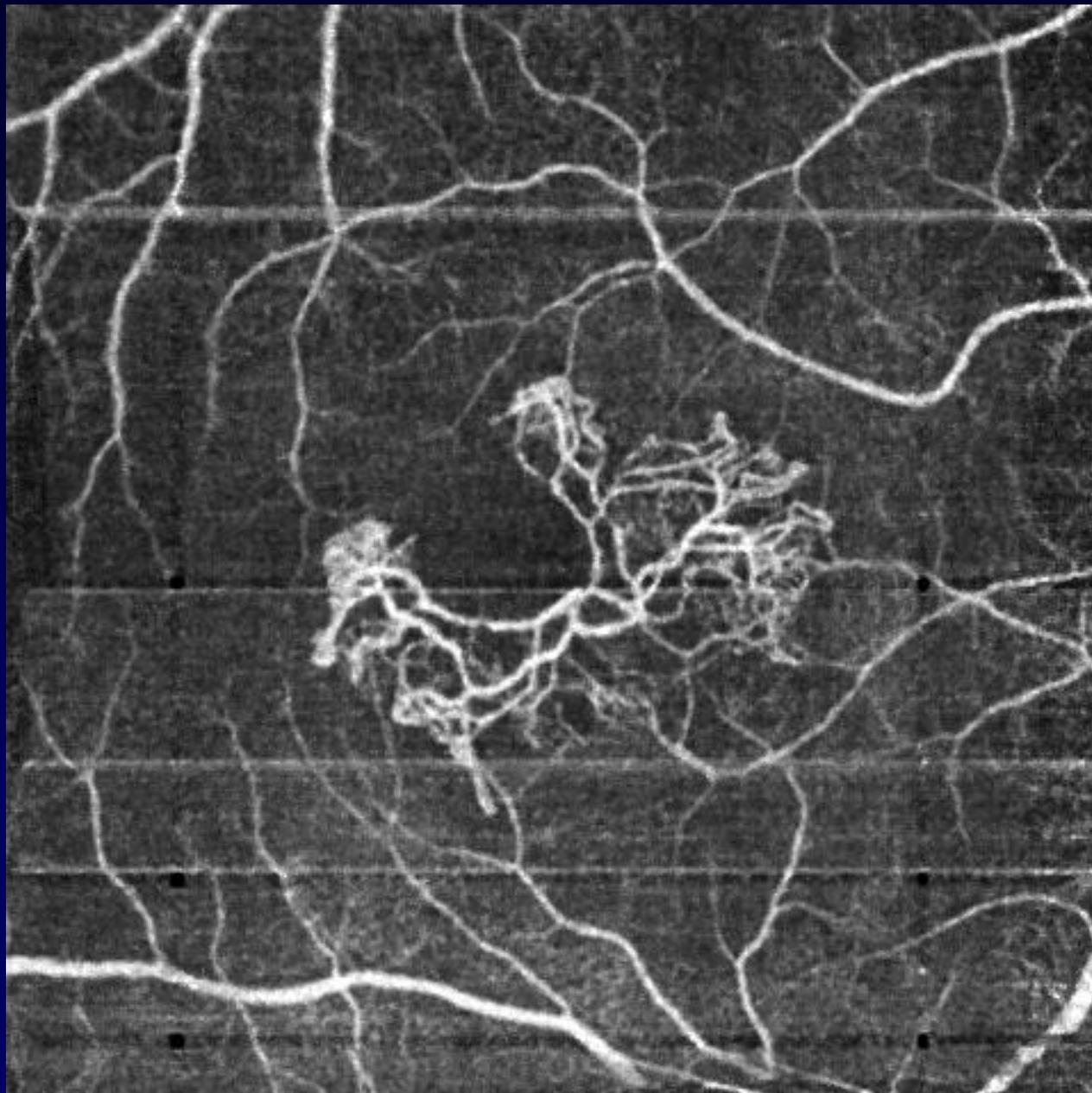


Case 3: 90 y/o CNV

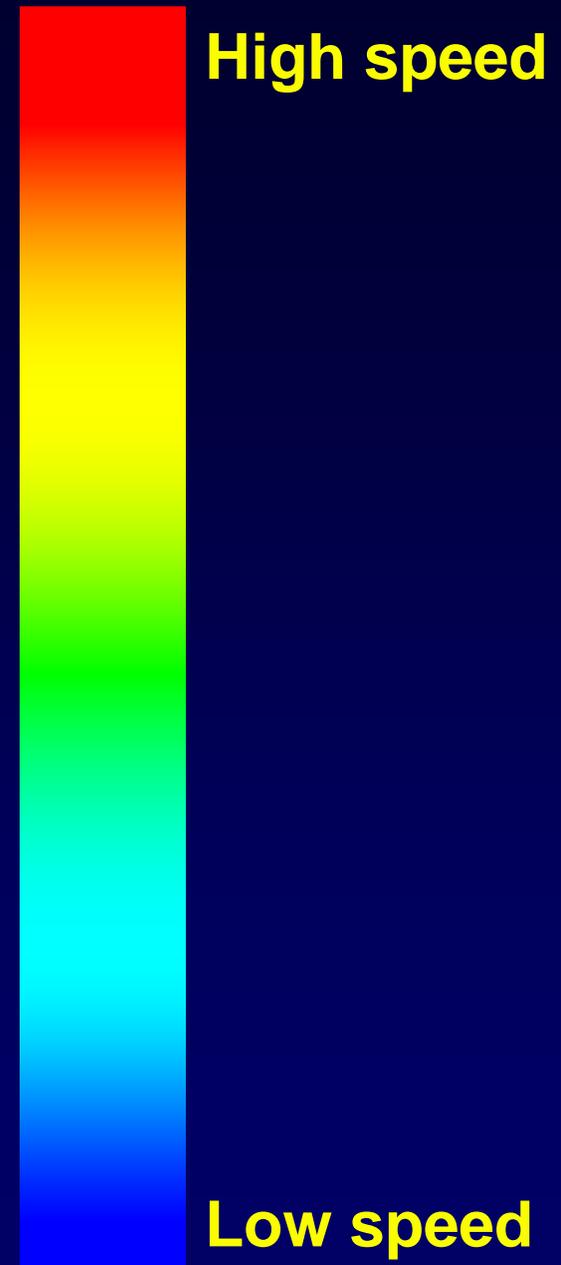
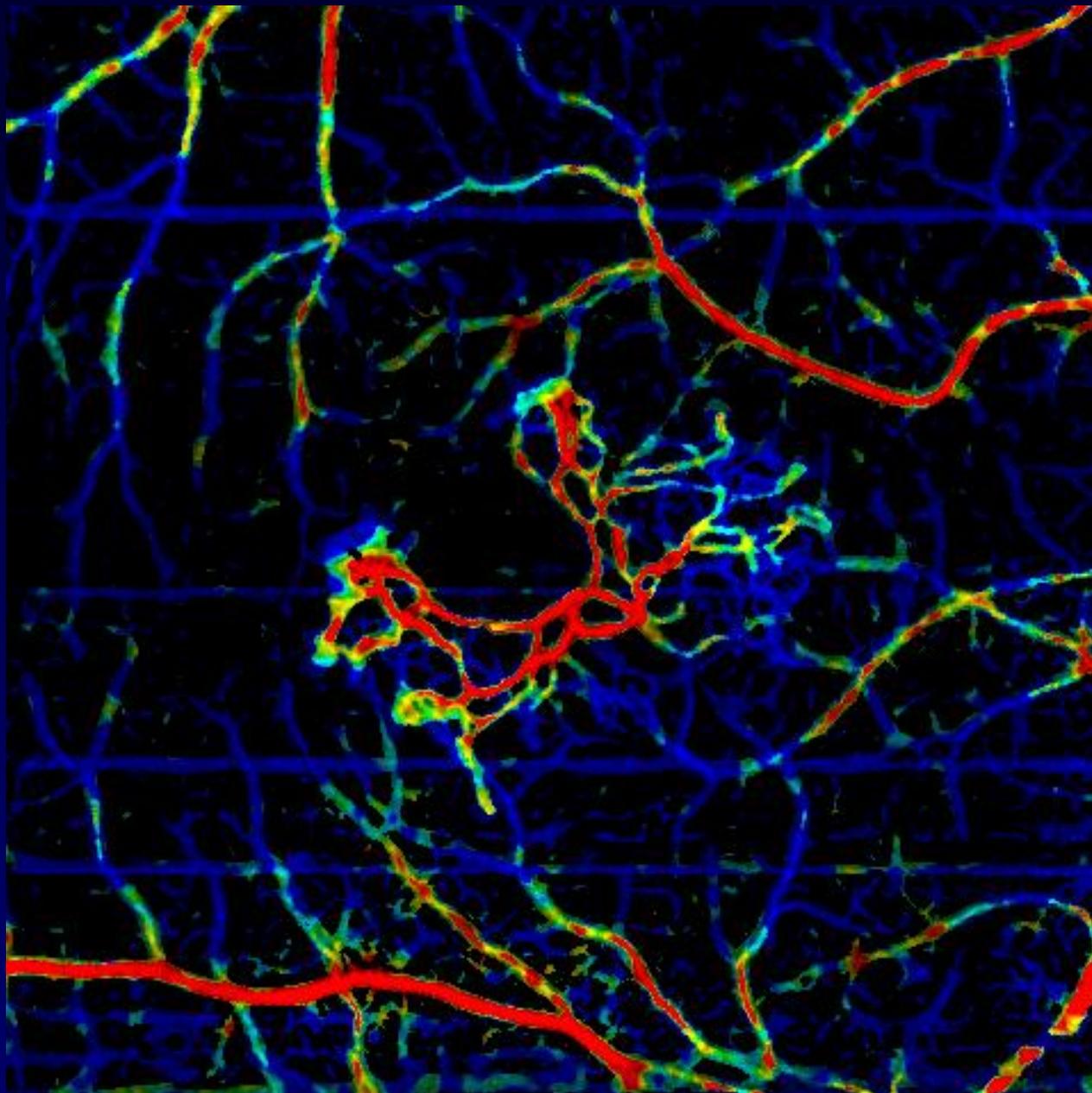


**Fundus
Photo**

OCTA (3 ms)
6 x 6 mm



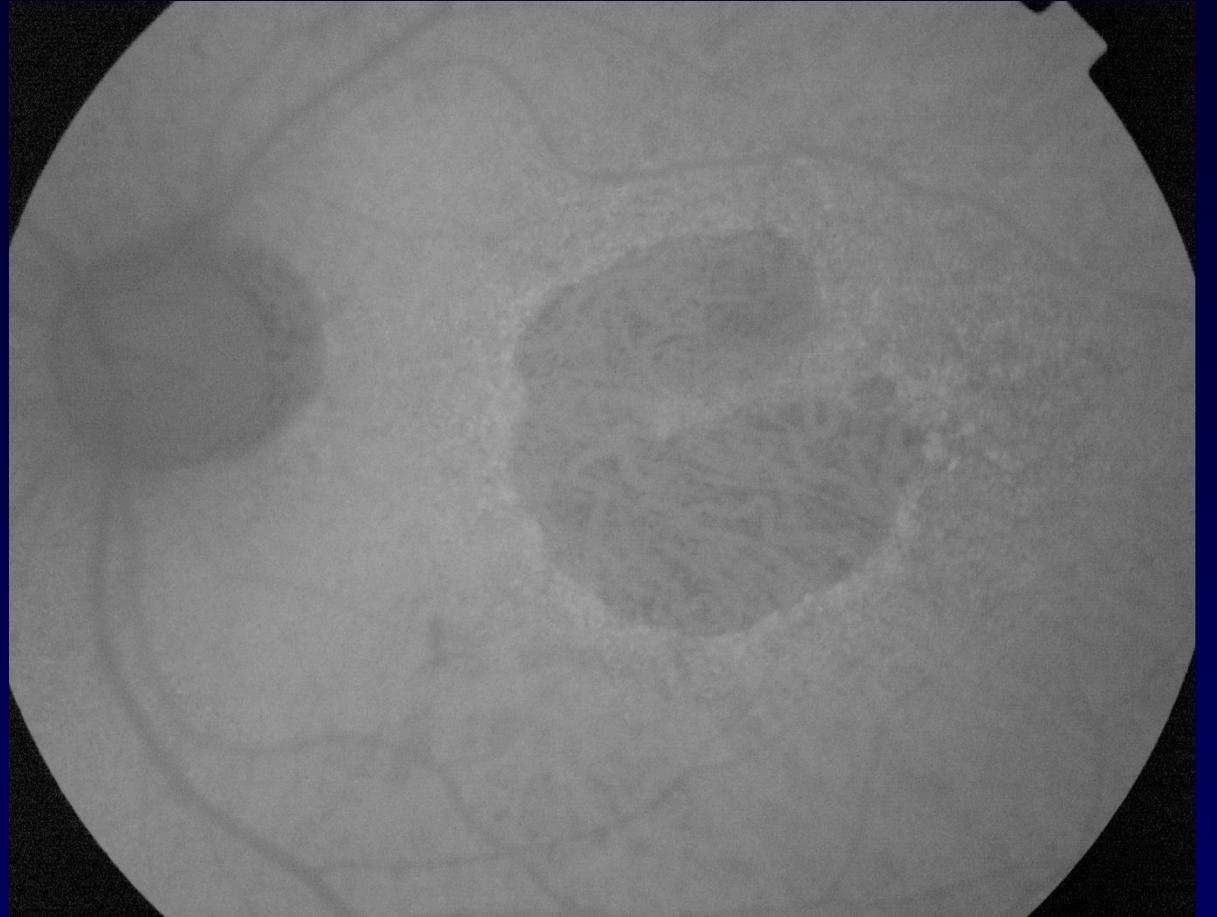
VISTA
Visualization
6 x 6 mm



Case 4: 75 y/o GA

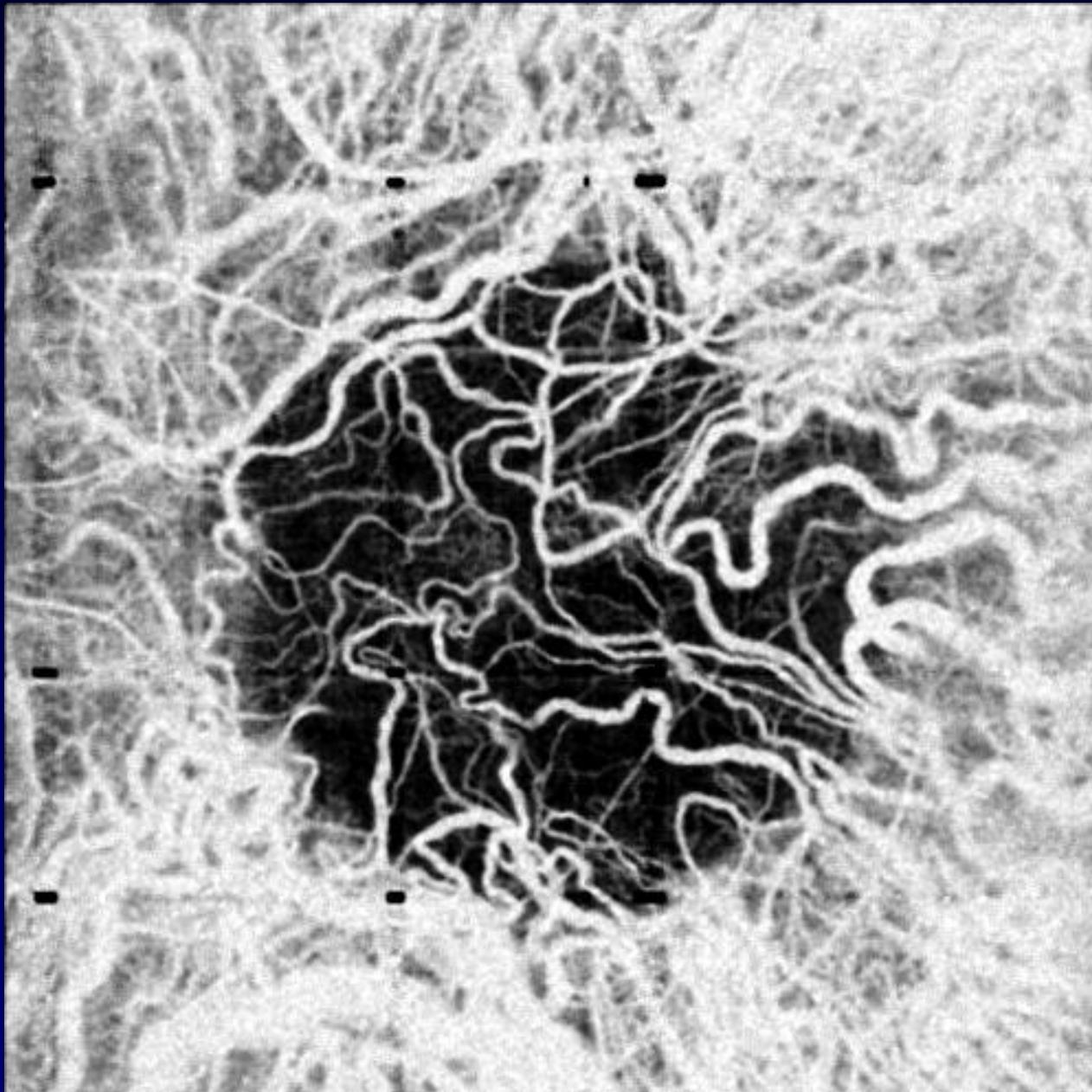


Fundus Photo

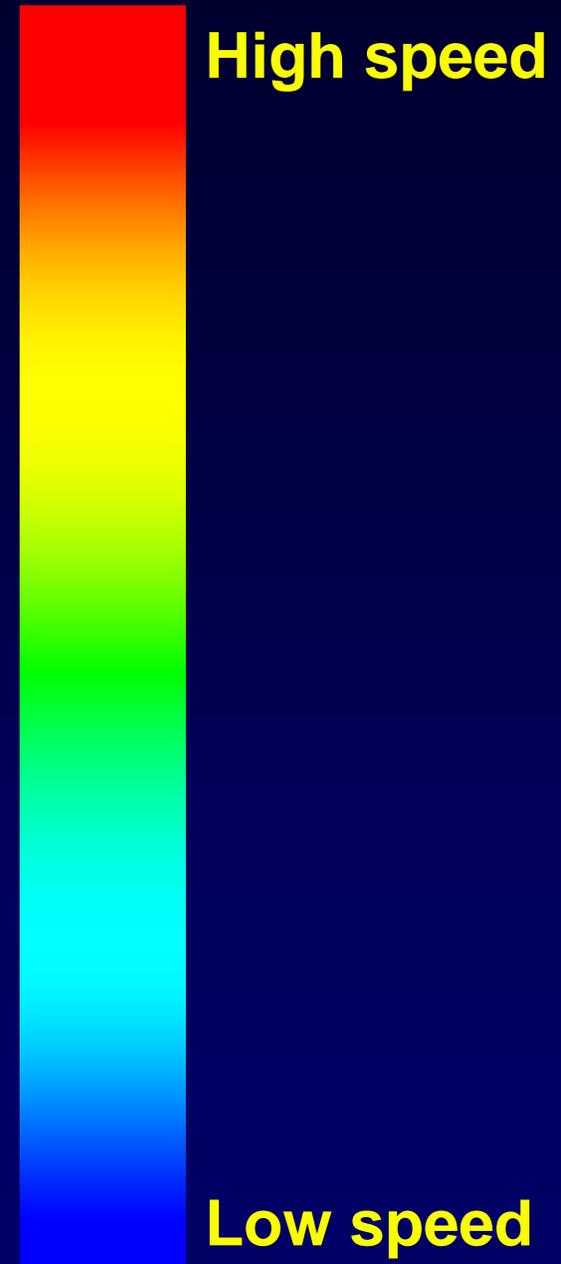
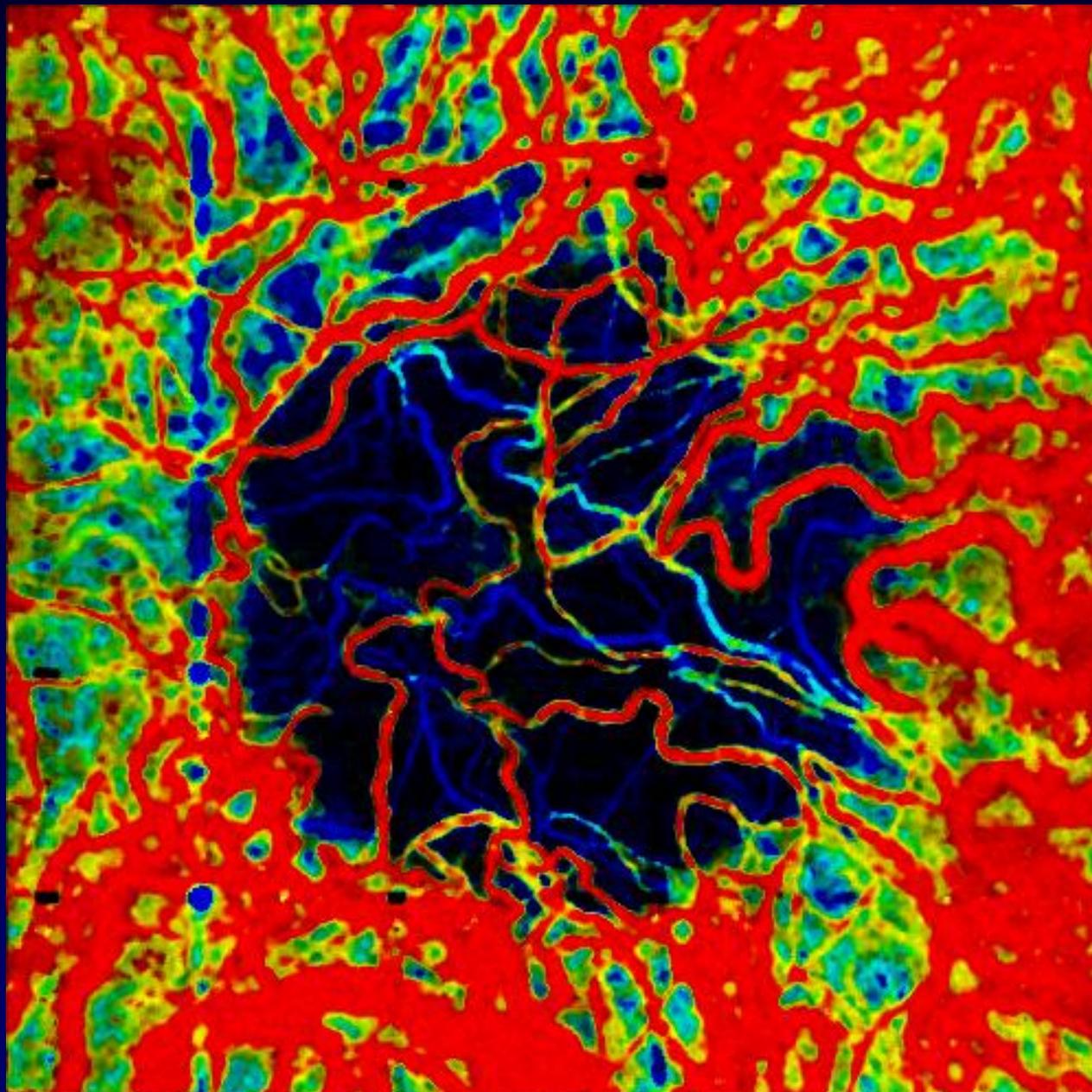


FAF

OCTA (3 ms)
6 x 6 mm



**VISTA
Visualization
6 x 6 mm**



Future Directions

- **Incorporate multiple (>2) and/or different interscan times**
- **Use VISTA to investigate markers for disease progression**
- **Make OCT Angiography fully quantitative!**

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- Avilash Cramer

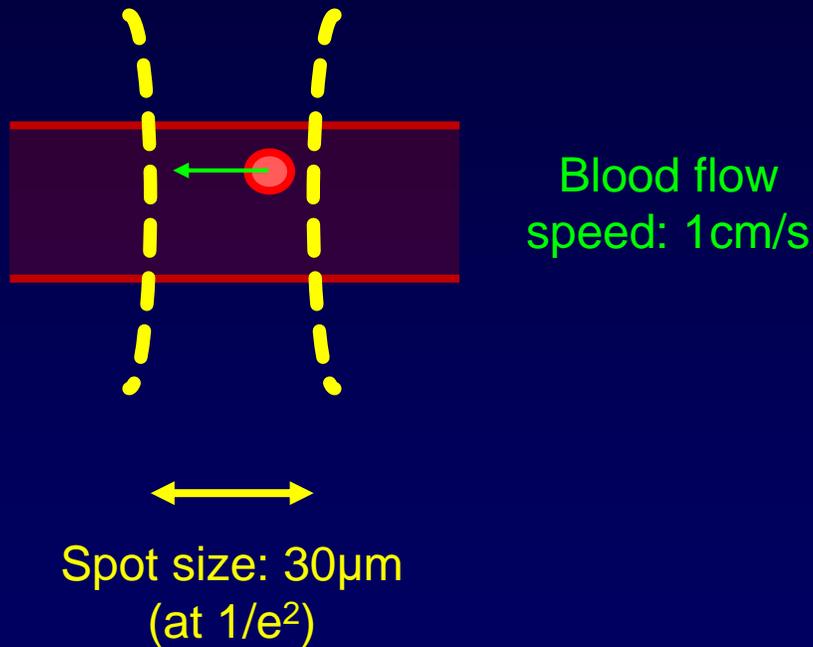
NEEC

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- Ricardo Louzada
- Sabin Dang
- Andre Witkin
- Mark Lane
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- James Y. Jiang
- Anjul Davis
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- Vijaysekhar Jayaraman

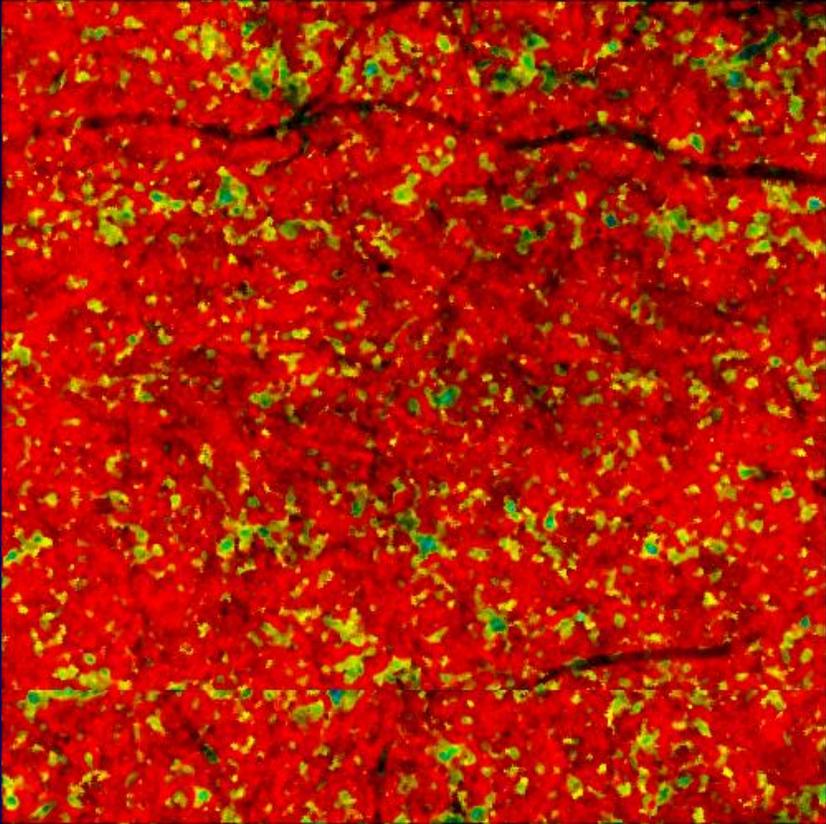
What is the minimal required interscan time for VISTA?



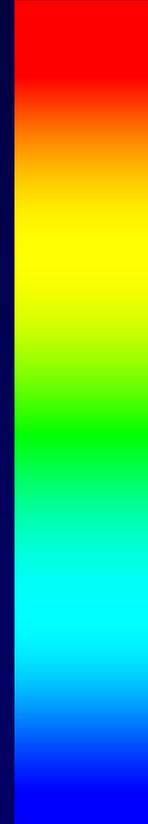
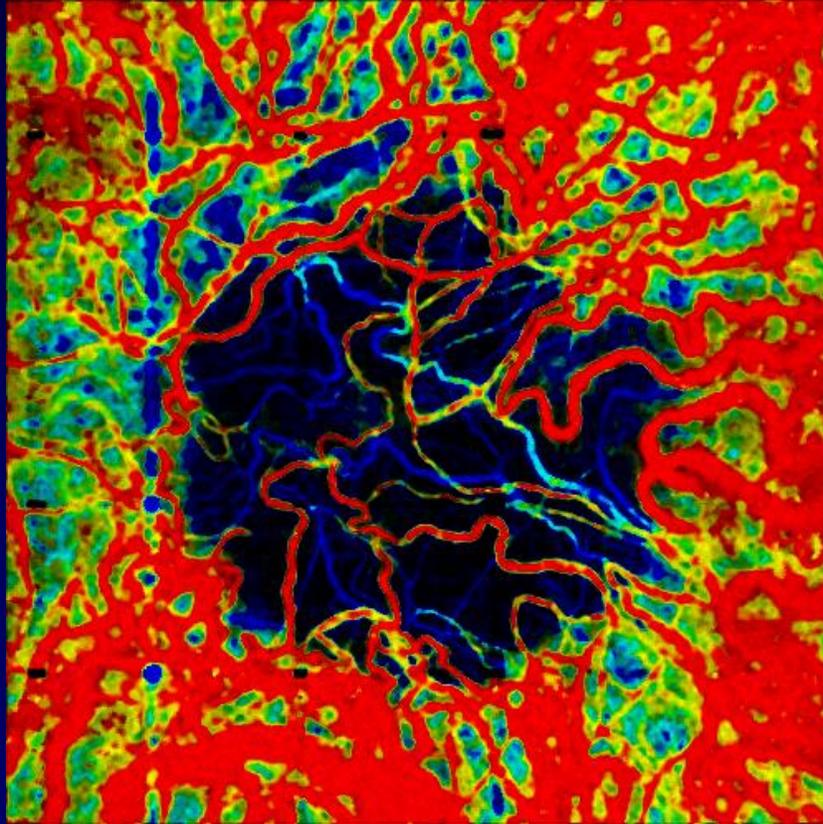
- Time to cross the spot:
 $30\mu\text{m} / (1\text{cm/s}) = 3\text{ms}$
- Saturation at 3ms interscan time or less
- Observation: 1.5 ms and 3 ms were used in this presentation; 3 ms and 4.5 ms seemed to be too long.

VISTA Visualization, choroid, comparison with normal

43 y/o normal



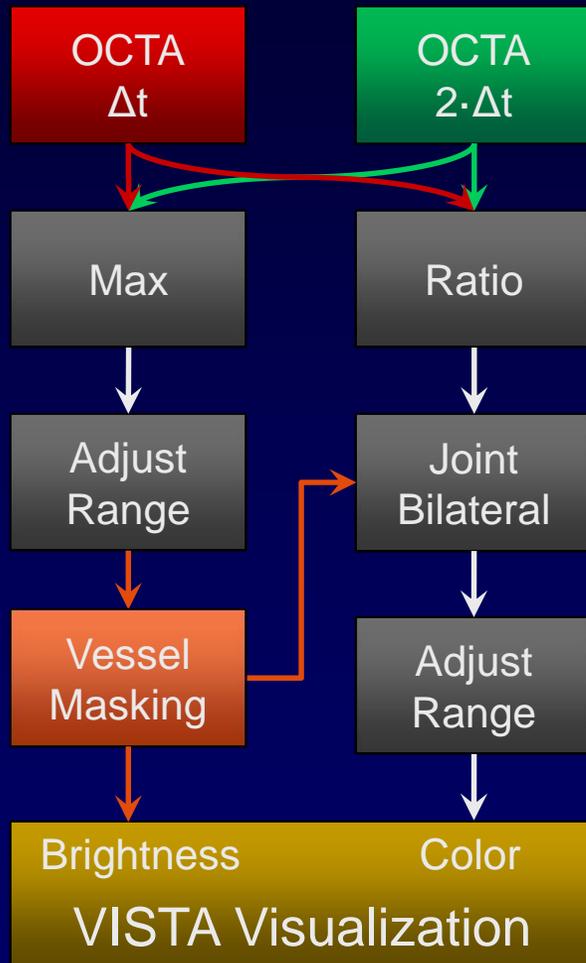
75 y/o GA



High speed

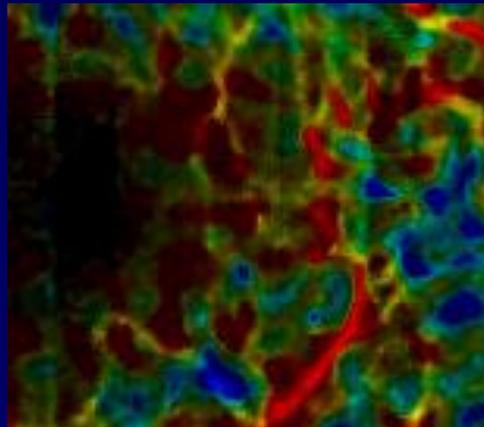
Low speed

VISTA Visualization in Retina Projections

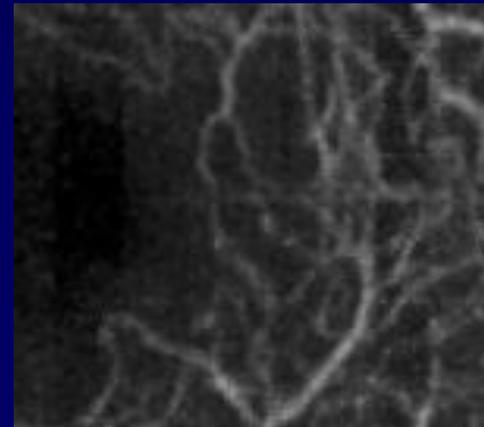


- Reduced brightness perception in color images
- No erythrocytes moving outside of vessels
- Make outside vessel pixels fully black

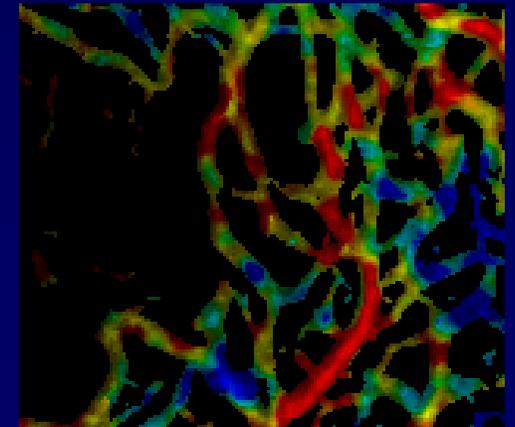
VISTA w/o masking



OCTA (3 ms)



VISTA w/ masking



Variable interscan time analysis (VISTA)

